

#### TOWN OF NEWBURGH PLANNING BOARD TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMENTS

PROJECT NAME:MOFFAT PROPERTIES, LLCPROJECT NO.:22-14PROJECT LOCATION:224 & 226 NY - 17KSECTION 32, BLOCK 29, LOT 64 & 65REVIEW DATE:24 MARCH 2023MEETING DATE:2 MARCH 2023PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE:INDEPENDENCE ENGINEERING

- 1. A City of Newburgh Flow Acceptance letter is required for the project.
- 2. The FAA approval of the Site Plan is required regarding the need for lighting.
- 3. ARB submission is required to be reviewed by the Planning Board.
- 4. Compliance with the recently adopted Tree Preservation Ordinance must be documented on the plans.
- 5. Label the proposed fence around the Stormwater Management facility.
- 6. Identify size of water service lateral on the plan sheets.
- 7. A Design Report for the sanitary sewer pump station should be provided.
- 8. Hydraulic loading from the facility should be identified.
- 9. Upon a review of the pump on elevations and discharge capacity of the pump, it appears that the pump will run less than one minute per cycle. The applicant's representative are requested to evaluate this.
- 10. SWPPP submission is under review.
- 11. Tree Preservation Law was submitted to the applicant's representative on 2 November 2022, when this office transmitted the ordinance to each applicant's representative that appeared before the Board in 2022.

Respectfully submitted,

MHE Engineering, D.P.C.

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Patrick J. Hines Principal PJH/kbw

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# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT and SWPPP DOCUMENT TOWN OF NEWBURGH & NYSDOT

## FOR

## Moffat Properties – NY Route 17-K

224-226 Route 17-K Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York Tax Lot 89-1-64 & 89-1-65

Prepared by:

Indehende

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> June 2022 Revised: October 2022 Revised: December 2022 Revised: February 2023

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## Site Information

#### Location and Surrounding Uses

The Moffat Properties – NY Route 17-K site in the Town of Newburgh, Orange County, New York consists of a total of 5.915 acres located in the IB Interchange Business District. The properties are located at 224 and 226 NY Route 17-K, Town of Newburg, Orange County, New York 12550. The tracts are also known as Tax Lots 89-1-64 and 89-1-65.

#### **Existing Conditions**

The project site is currently composed of an abandoned landscaping operation occupied by a one-story dwelling, a one-story retail store, five wooden sheds and numerous hardscapes including paved areas, block walls and ornamental paving stones. The project site is bounded to the south by Route 17K across which is Stewart Airport, to the west by forested land and a commercial property, to the north by forested land, and to the east by residential lots and another commercial establishment. There is one (1) existing right-in-right-out driveway that leads to the paved parking area. There is a circular gravel driveway toward the one-story dwelling.

An existing water connection along route 17-K exists and is to remain. The current one-story dwelling and one-story retail store are connected to an on-site septic pit, located along the southeast boundary of the project site. There is currently no stormwater management on the site. The site is served by natural gas via a connection to the main gas line along route 17-K.

A stream traverses the western property and is located within a floodplain that also contains wetlands. Per a site wide wetland delineation, additional wetlands were located in proximity to the western boundary and wells at the eastern boundary. The property is relatively evenly sloped in the front and rear center of the property, with steeper slopes toward the eastern and western property lines. Existing elevations range from 508 to 478 above MSL.

#### **Proposed Conditions**

The applicant proposes to demolish the existing structures and residual landscape business items and construct an approximately 11,790 s.f. warehouse building with a wash bay and office area, a parking area along the front (south) side of the building, a paved driveway along the remaining sides of the building, and a gravel area to be used for storage. The two (2) existing driveway entrances will be replaced by one (1) full movement new driveway collocated with one of the existing.

A stormwater management facility will be constructed on the property along the front of the building, in the southern section of the property, along Route 17-K.

#### Soil Types

The soils information for the project is found on the NRCS's website in the "Web Soil Survey, http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov". The Soil Survey Area is Orange County, New York and the Survey Area Data is Version 22, August 29, 2021. The following soil types are found on the site:

Soil Type	Symbol	Soil Group
Udifluvents – Fluvaquents Complex (95%), Frequently Flooded	UF	A
Erie Extremely Stony Soils (5%), Gently Sloping	ESB	D

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## Hydrology

#### Stormwater Management Design Criteria

The Stormwater Management Plan described herein has been designed according to the following publications and criteria:

- Chapter 157. Stormwater Management, Town of Newburgh NY.
- New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual, most current version.
- New York Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, most current version.
- "Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds" (Technical Release No. 55), published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, dated June 1986.

#### Watershed Summaries

The site consists of A soils in the front and D soils in a small area in the back. D-soils are located within Pre-Developed Drainage areas A, D, and E, and Post Developed Drainage areas A, D, E, and Basin B inflow. All drainage areas run from a high point along the crest of the property to either the eastern property line (Drainage area A and Basin outfall) or to the western property line. The post developed Time of Concentration is shorter due to the proposed construction taking up the middle section of the property and cutting the pre-developed time of concentration paths.

#### Pre-Developed Drainage Area A

This drainage area drains to the western property line into an existing creek that is to remain undisturbed. The total area is 3.135 acres with a runoff CN of 50.5. This area includes the existing driveway and part of the existing house and a large area in the back that is mostly gravel. The areas along the creek are wooded. This is the largest predeveloped drainage area on the site and the only one flowing to the west.

#### Pre-Developed Drainage Area B

This drainage area drains to the eastern property line toward the existing creek that is to remain undisturbed. The total area is 1.429 acres with a runoff CN of 58.5. The existing residential dwelling and the majority of the existing commercial building are part of this drainage area. A large area in the back containing gravel and storage areas area included in this drainage area.

#### Pre-Developed Drainage Area C

Draining also to the eastern property line, this area contains 0.463 acres with a CN of 45.1. This area contains mostly woods, some gravel, and parts of an existing shed.

#### Pre-Developed Drainage Area D

Area D also drains to the eastern property line and contains 0.604 acres with a CN of 45.2. A small portion of a shed, some gravel, and mostly woods are located within this drainage area.

#### Pre-Developed Drainage Area E

The smallest drainage area at 0.284 acres with a CN value of 79.4 drains to the east and contains mostly woods.

#### Post Development Bypass A

This area is the remaining untreated section of Pre-Developed Drainage Area A. It is draining to the existing creek towards the west and is 1.53 acres with a CN value of 42. This area is mostly wooded, with some areas re-vegetated with a meadow type mix.

Post Development Basin B inflow

Moffat Properties – NY Route 17-K Stormwater Management Report

This basin inflow contains the entire proposed impervious including the building, paved parking and loading, and gravel storage area. Runoff is collected via a storm sewer system and discharged into the wet basin. The outflow pipe for this basin is discharging towards the creek to the west per the direction and suggestion of the Town of Newburgh review engineer. The area is 3.41 acres with a CN of 79.

#### Post Development Bypass B

The leftover area from the Pre-Developed area B contains 0.43 acres with a CN of 36. It drains to the eastern property line and consists of wooded area and the open space will be maintained grass.

#### Post Development Bypass C

This area consists of 0.15 acres mostly wooded area and open space area for a CN of 34. It also drains to the east.

#### Post Development Bypass D

0.19 acres of wooded and open space area with a CN of 42 drains to the east.

#### Post Development Bypass E

This area drains to the east and contains mostly woods. It is comprised of 0.205 acres with a CN of 79.

#### Peak Runoff Rate and Quantity Control

Per the requirements of paragraph 157-6, the required reductions have been provided for the project. The project proposes a wet basin with a bottom elevation of 477.00 and a w.s.e.l. of 481.00. The post developed flow rates and volumes have been reduced to be less than pre-developed for flow going to the stream towards the west and the wetlands to the east. Based on aerial imagery, these flow channels combine approximately seven hundred (700') feet downstream on the airport property. The rainfall intensities used for the storm events are taken from the Cornell Extreme Precipitation Database and are 4.7, 5.9, and 8.33 inches for the 10, 25, and 100-year storm events, respectively.

This parcel is not a redevelopment activity as defined in Chapter 9 of the NY State Stormwater Design Manual.

	ç	Site West – DA A	4					
Event	Pre-Dev	Post	Reduction	Reduction				
	(cfs)	Developed	(cfs)	(%)				
		(cfs)						
10-year	2.721	0.882	-1.839	67.59%				
25-year	5.249	1.377	-3.872	73.77%				
100-year	11.31	3.335	-7.975	70.51%				

Rate Control

	Site East – DA B, C, D, E combined							
Event	Pre-Dev	Post	Reduction	Reduction				
	(cfs)	Developed	(cfs)	(%)				
		(cfs)						
10-year	4.090	0.555	-3.535	86.43%				
25-year	6.548	0.829	-5.719	87.34%				
100-year	12.070	1.848	-10.222	84.69%				

The above results were generated using Hydrology Studio Software V 3.0.0.26. The results can be found in the appendices in the back of this report.

#### Water Quality Volume (WQv)

- Compute Impervious Cover for entire site
- I = 2.96 acres / 5.915 acres = 50.0%

- Compute Runoff Coefficient Rv
- Rv = 0.05 + 0.009 (I) = 0.05 + 0.009 \* (50.0) = 0.50
- Compute WQv for entire site

Use the 90% capture rule with 1.4" of rainfall. (taken from figure 4.1, Chapter 8 New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual)

WQv = (1.4") (Rv) (A) (1/12)= (1.4") (0.50) (5.915) (1/12) = 0.345 ac-ft (15,030 cuft)

Permanent Pool volume is 5,749 cuft measured from elevation 477.00 to 481.00 (see pond report in appendix).

This leaves 15,030 - 5,749 = 9,281 cuft to be sized for Extended Detention (ED) volume. The proposed pond contains 15,058 cuft volume at elevation 483.00.

The ED volume needs to be released in 24 hours. Utilizing a 3.25" orifice at the permanent water surface elevation of 481.00 achieves this.



#### Runoff Reduction Volume (RRv)

Dense weathered rock and bedrock was encountered at depths ranging between approximately 1.8 and 5.0 feet below ground surface.

The minimum RRv to be achieved can be calculated as follows:

RRvmin = (1.4") (Rv) (Aic) (S) (1/12)

- Rv = 0.05 + 0.009 \* (100.0) = 0.95
- Aic = new impervious only

= 2.96 acres proposed impervious – 1.073 acres pre developed impervious

RRvmin = (1.4") (0.95) (1.887) (0.55) (1/12) = 0.115 ac-ft (5,011 cuft)

As described above, the WQv is provided in the permanent pond and via Extended Detention.

#### III

#### Storm Sewer System

Design Criteria

All closed conveyances were designed in accordance with section Chapter 157.

The storm system has been designed for the 25-year storm event, with a 5-minute intensity of 7.71 inches. All pipes are designed using HDPE with a minimum pipe size of twelve (12") inches.

#### <u>Methodology</u>

Peak flow rates to each collection point were calculated using the Rational Method, which calculates peak flow as the product of the area draining to the collection point, the rainfall intensity of the design storm, and a composite factor reflecting upstream cover conditions:

Q = C \* I \* A

where:

Q = runoff C = cover number I = rainfall intensity A = drainage area

Closed conveyance systems were then designed for capacity using Manning's Equation, calculated using Microsoft Excel.

#### IV

## **Erosion and Sediment Control**

Various other E&S BMPs are proposed, or are to be implemented when needed, to preserve the quality of downstream waters during the construction process. These E&S BMPs should be inspected after every heavy rainfall or on a regular basis. The responsibility to maintain the BMPs in working order lies with the site contractor. The BMPs include but are not limited to;

<u>Silt Fence</u>

Super silt fence shall only be utilized as a baffle in the sediment basins. Silt fence shall be used only around topsoil stockpiles unless Compost Filter Sock is requested.

#### Compost Filter Sock

Compost filter socks are more efficient than standard and super silt fence and are utilized in lieu of silt fence. It shall be used as a sediment barrier along the limit of disturbance perimeter and can be used around topsoil stockpiles.

#### Rock Filter Outlet

Rock filter outlets are proposed to address potential failure at sediment barriers. Wherever a sediment barrier has failed due to an unanticipated concentrated flow, a rock filter outlet should be installed unless that concentrated flow can be otherwise directed away from the barrier.

#### Erosion Control Blankets

Erosion control blankets (ECBs) are proposed on all slopes of 3H:1V or steeper and as a protective lining for newly constructed channels.

#### Hydraulically Applied Blankets

As an alternative to the Erosion Control Blankets, Hydraulically Applied Blankets can be used on all slopes up to and including 1H:1V as a protective and stabilizing liner. Hydraulically Applied Blankets are not suitable for point discharge/high flow areas like swales.

#### Sediment Basin

One sediment basin is proposed for the project. The sediment basin will be graded to permanent conditions.

#### Topsoil Stockpiles

Various areas have been identified on the plans as topsoil stockpile areas. The stockpiles should have a maximum slope of 3H:1V and a maximum height of 35 feet.

#### **Rock Construction Entrance**

One Rock Construction Entrance is proposed. The entrance should be maintained to the specified dimension and the capacity to remove sediment from the tires by adding rock when necessary. A stockpile of rock material should be maintained on site for this purpose. Sediment deposited on public roadways should be removed and returned to the construction site immediately.

#### Pumped Water Filter Bag

Dewatering operations may be necessary during construction. Pumped water filter bags shall be available for this purpose. The filter bag shall discharge to a well vegetated area when dewatering is underway.

#### Inlet Protection

Inlet protection shall be installed where shown on the plan, and berm installed to aid in getting runoff into these inlets.

#### <u>Rock Filter</u>

Rock filters can be used to control runoff within constructed channels until the channel has been equipped with protective lining.

#### Construction/demolition wastes management plan

Procedures must be implemented which ensure that the proper measures for the recycling or disposal of waste materials associated with or from the project site will be undertaken in accordance with department regulations. Waste is defined as a material whose original purpose has been completed and which is directed to a disposal, processing or beneficial use facility or is otherwise disposed of, processed or beneficially used.

The following items of construction/demolition wastes are anticipated as a result of the proposed residential development:

\* Solid wastes resulting from the construction of the residential buildings, sewers, roadways, landscape improvements etc. Including, but not limited to, wood, plaster, metals, plastic, asphaltic substances, bricks, block and unsegregated concrete.

\* Solid wastes resulting from the demolition of the existing residential outbuildings, storm sewers, roadways, etc. Including, but not limited to, wood, plaster, metals, asphaltic substances, bricks, block and unsegregated concrete.

\* Solid wastes resulting from land clearing operations including, but not limited to, wood, trees, brush, stumps and vegetative material. Construction/demolition waste does not include municipal waste, hazardous waste, residential septage, waste oil, residual waste, fuel-contaminated soil, or waste tires. If any of these waste materials are generated or otherwise resultant of the construction/demolition activities, a separate individual management plan must be developed and implemented in accordance with the Pennsylvania solid waste management act.

#### Directions for recycling/disposing of construction wastes:

\* Woody materials derived from land clearing are considered waste under the department of environmental protection's waste regulations, therefore no trees, brush, stumps and vegetative material resulting from land clearing operations shall be disposed of on site or otherwise disposed of except in strict accordance with construction waste disposal regulations.

\* All material suitable for recycling should be collected, separated and transported to a permitted recycling center for processing.

\* All other construction waste materials must be collected on-site in containers suitable for the purpose (i.e. Dumpsters) and transported to a permitted solid waste disposal facility for proper disposal.

#### Soil/rock disposal areas:

Uncontaminated, nonwater-soluble, nondecomposable inert solid material such as soil, rock, stone, gravel, brick and block, concrete and used asphalt may be used to level an area or bring the area to grade or otherwise used in non-structural fill areas. Large boulders are not expected due to the existing subsurface geological conditions; however large boulders should only be used in a fill condition outside the limits of any road rights-of-way or utility easements as may be permitted by the municipal authorities.

Any onsite storage of hazardous materials/potential pollutants, such as diesel fuel, shall be stored onsite surrounded by on earthen dike or other secondary containment system having a storage volume equal to 150% of tank capacity, to contain potential pollutants. Any additional means of containing releases should be accessible from a petroleum storage area: this would include various absorbent materials. In the event of a release a licensed environmental consulting company should be contacted for spill cleanup assistance. Furthermore, all equipment, when not in use, shall be parked onsite in an area that, should potential pollutants leak, they will be contained within the immediate area and will not be inadvertently conveyed to drainage swales and away from the project. Any leakage of pollutants from storage vessels or equipment shall be cleaned up and disposed of offsite in a legal manner.

Fueling area (fa): equipment fueling and maintenance, oil changing, etc. Shall be performed away from watercourses, ditches, or storm drains, in an area designated for that purpose. The designated area shall be equipped for recycling oil and catching spills. Secondary containment shall be provided for all fuel oil storage tanks (see above). These areas must be inspected every seven days and within 24 hrs. Of a 0.5 inch or greater rain event to ensure there are no exposed materials which would contaminate storm water. Site operators must be aware that spill prevention control and countermeasures (spcc) requirements may apply. An spcc plan is required for sites with one single aboveground tank of 660 gallons or more, accumulative aboveground storage of 1330 gallons or more, or 42,000 gallons of underground storage.

Open burning: - no materials may be burned on site for this project.

Dust control/suppressants: dust control is required to prevent nuisance conditions. Dust controls must be used in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and not be applied in a manner, which would result in a discharge to waters of the state. Isolation distances from bridges, catch basins, and other drainageways must be observed. Application (excluding water) may not occur when precipitation is imminent as noted in the short-term forecast. Used oil may not be applied for dust control.

Concrete washout (cw): concrete washout areas shall be installed and utilized as containment for washing equipment of uncured concrete and associated liquids. Suggested locations for concrete washout areas are shown on the plans. However, fewer or additional locations shall be installed as needed per the details shown on sheet c2200.

Spill reporting requirements: spills on pavement shall be absorbed with sawdust, kitty litter or other absorbent material and disposed of with the trash at a licensed sanitary landfill. Hazardous or industrial wastes such as most solvents, gasoline, oil-based paints, and cement curing compounds require special handling. Spills shall be reported to idem (888-233-7745). The local fire department, and the local emergency planning committee within 30 min. Of the discovery of the release. All spills, which result in contact with waters of the state, must be reported to the idem hotline.

Pollution treatment will be achieved in the proposed large flat bottom basin that includes a riprap apron at the inflow pipe. The majority of the runoff captured by the basin is from the proposed gravel area. The gravel is considered porous pavement and will work as a filter to remove pollutants.

#### V

### Post Construction Permanent Controls

#### Wet Pond

A wet pond is proposed as a post construction permanent control. A wet pond is a stormwater basin that includes a permanent pool for water quality treatment and additional capacity above the permanent pool for temporary runoff storage. Wet ponds treat incoming stormwater runoff by allowing particles to settle and algae to take up nutrients. The primary removal mechanism is settling as stormwater resides in the pool and pollutant intake, particularly of nutrients, also occurs through biological activity in the pond. The wet pond shall be inspected bi-annually and following each rainfall event greater than 3 inches. Inspect for invasive vegetation. Sediment shall be removed, and the basins should be restored to its original dimensions prior to the accumulation of sediment. Inspect for damage to the embankment. Examine to ensure that inlet and outlet devices are free of debris and operational. Repair any undercut or eroded areas.

The property owner is responsible to schedule regular inspections and provide any maintenance and repair.

#### Re-vegetating disturbed areas

Planting landscaping where indicated on the landscaping plan. Protect the existing trees where listed and protect steep slopes along the perimeter.

Seasonal mowing and pruning may be required to keep the vegetation at bay.

The property owner is responsible to schedule regular inspections and provide any maintenance needed.

#### Storm Sewer system

As Stormwater Runoff is collected and conveyed through storm sewer pipes, heat exchange starts between the runoff and the underground pipes. This "first flush" strategy assumes that the heat from the runoff is extracted prior to getting to the wet pond and thus improving the water quality.

# Summary Report

1

**Basin Model** 

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26



# Hydrograph 10-yr Summary

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre A (west)	2.721	12.07	10,121			
2	NRCS Runoff	Pre B (east)	2.681	12.10	9,424			
3	NRCS Runoff	Pre C (east)	0.246	12.13	1,220			
4	NRCS Runoff	Pre D (east)	0.389	12.10	1,603			
5	NRCS Runoff	Pre E (east)	0.795	12.10	2,714			
6	Junction	Pre Site East Total	4.090	12.10	14,961	2, 3, 4, 5		
7	NRCS Runoff	Post Byp A (west)	0.095	12.40	1,242			
8	NRCS Runoff	Post Basin B (west)	9.885	12.07	29,536			
9	NRCS Runoff	Post B Bypass (east)	0.004	15.23	101			
10	NRCS Runoff	Post C (east)	0.001	17.10	16.9			
11	NRCS Runoff	Post D (east)	0.012	12.40	153			
12	NRCS Runoff	Post E (east)	0.555	12.10	1,894			
13	Junction	Post Site East Total	0.555	12.10	2,165	9, 10, 11, 12		
14	Pond Route	Post Basin B	0.829	13.20	29,517	8	483.93	20,609

# Hydrograph 25-yr Summary

	udio v 3.0.0.26		<b>.</b>					
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre A (west)	5.249	12.07	17,237			
2	NRCS Runoff	Pre B (east)	4.107	12.10	14,141			
3	NRCS Runoff	Pre C (east)	0.547	12.13	2,202			
4	NRCS Runoff	Pre D (east)	0.822	12.07	2,847			
5	NRCS Runoff	Pre E (east)	1.111	12.10	3,805			
6	Junction	Pre Site East Total	6.548	12.10	22,995	2, 3, 4, 5		
7	NRCS Runoff	Post Byp A (west)	0.426	12.13	3,025			
8	NRCS Runoff	Post Basin B (west)	13.90	12.07	41,666			
9	NRCS Runoff	Post B Bypass (east)	0.027	12.40	400			
10	NRCS Runoff	Post C (east)	0.004	13.67	97.0			
11	NRCS Runoff	Post D (east)	0.052	12.13	372			
12	NRCS Runoff	Post E (east)	0.781	12.10	2,672			
13	Junction	Post Site East Total	0.829	12.10	3,540	9, 10, 11, 12		
14	Pond Route	Post Basin B	1.093	13.27	41,646	8	484.91	27,363

Project Name:

# Hydrograph 100-yr Summary

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	Pre A (west)	11.31	12.07	34,557			
2	NRCS Runoff	Pre B (east)	7.215	12.10	24,635			
3	NRCS Runoff	Pre C (east)	1.298	12.10	4,684			
4	NRCS Runoff	Pre D (east)	1.918	12.07	5,959			
5	NRCS Runoff	Pre E (east)	1.761	12.10	6,119			
6	Junction	Pre Site East Total	12.07	12.10	41,397	2, 3, 4, 5		
7	NRCS Runoff	Post Byp A (west)	2.177	12.07	8,331			
8	NRCS Runoff	Post Basin B (west)	22.18	12.07	67,491			
9	NRCS Runoff	Post B Bypass (east)	0.274	12.10	1,479			
10	NRCS Runoff	Post C (east)	0.061	12.13	423			
11	NRCS Runoff	Post D (east)	0.268	12.07	1,024			
12	NRCS Runoff	Post E (east)	1.250	12.10	4,328			
13	Junction	Post Site East Total	1.848	12.10	7,253	9, 10, 11, 12		
14	Pond Route	Post Basin B	1.455	13.60	67,472	8	486.77	43,036

Project Name:

# Pre-developed Tc

2

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 8/29/2022

#### Watershed: Pre Drainage Area A (north)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		grass	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.41	
Flow Length, L	ft.	100	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	2.6	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	0.0500	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.2419	
Sheet flow Subtotal 1	īt= hr		0.2419

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID	B - C	
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)		unpaved	
Flow Length, L	ft	26	
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft	0.4808	
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps	11.19	
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr	0.0006	
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		0.0006

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID		
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft		
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft		
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft		
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps		
Flow length, L	ft		
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr		
Channel flow Subtotal	Tt= hr		

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#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID	
Structure 'From' - 'To'		
Flow Length, L	ft	
Pipe Diameter, D	in	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n		
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft	
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps	
<u> </u>		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr	
Pipe flow Subto	otal Tt = hr	

Total Hydraulic Length =	126
Total Elevation Change =	17.5
Average Slope =	13.89%

Total Tt =	0.2426
T lag = 0.6Tt =	0.1455

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 8/29/2022

#### Watershed: Pre Drainage Area B (south)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	B - C	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		gravel	grass	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.011	0.41	
Flow Length, L	ft.	46	54	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	2.6	2.6	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	.0543	0.0556	
0.007(nL)^0.8				
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.0070	0.1417	
Sheet flow Subtotal	Гt= hr			0.1486

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID	C - D	
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)		unpaved	
Flow Length, L	ft	150	
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft	0.0500	
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps	3.61	
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr	0.0115	
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		0.0115

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID			
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft			
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft			
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft			
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft			
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n				
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps			
Flow length, L	ft			
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr			
Channel flow Subtotal Tt = hr				

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID		
Structure 'From' - 'To'			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Pipe Diameter, D	in		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft		
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps		
L			
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt = hr			

Total Hydraulic Length =	250
Total Elevation Change =	13.0
Average Slope =	5.20%

Total Tt	=	0.1602
T lag = 0.6T	t =	0.0961

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 8/29/2022

#### Watershed: Pre Drainage Area C (south)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	B - C	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		grass	woods	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.41	0.4	
Flow Length, L	ft.	25	37	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	2.6	2.6	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	.0500	0.0946	
0.007(nL)^0.8				
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.0798	0.0830	
Sheet flow Subtotal	Гt= hr			0.1628

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID	B - C	
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)		unpaved	
Flow Length, L	ft	10	
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft	0.4500	
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps	10.82	
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr	0.0003	
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		0.0003

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID			
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft			
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft			
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft			
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft			
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n				
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps			
Flow length, L	ft			
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr			
Channel flow Subtotal Tt = hr				

-----

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID	
Structure 'From' - 'To'		
Flow Length, L	ft	
Pipe Diameter, D	in	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n		
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft	
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps	
<u> </u>		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr	
Pipe flow Subto	otal Tt = hr	

Total Hydraulic Length =	
Total Elevation Change =	
Average Slope =	12

Total Tt	=	0.1630
T lag = 0.61	Γt =	0.0978

72

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 8/29/2022

#### Watershed: Pre Drainage Area D (south)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		gravel	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.011	
Flow Length, L	ft.	60	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	2.6	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	.0583	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.0084	
Sheet flow Subtotal	Гt= hr	· · · · ·	0.0084

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID	B - C	
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)		unpaved	
Flow Length, L	ft	25	
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft	0.1800	
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps	6.85	
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr	0.0010	
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		0.0010

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID			
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft			
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft			
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft			
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft			
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n				
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps			
Flow length, L	ft			
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr			
Channel flow Subtotal Tt = hr				

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID		
Structure 'From' - 'To'			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Pipe Diameter, D	in		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft		
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps		
L			
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt = hr			

		Total Tt = T lag = 0.6Tt =	0.0094 0.0056
Total Hydraulic Length =	85		
Total Elevation Change =	8.0	Use	6 minutes
Average Slope =	9.41%		

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 8/29/2022

#### Watershed: Pre Drainage Area E (south)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		woods	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.4	
Flow Length, L	ft.	65	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	2.6	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	.0654	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.1510	
Sheet flow Subtotal Tt	= hr		0.1510

#### Shallow concentrated flow

S	Segment ID		
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft		
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID			
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft			
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft			
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft			
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft			
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n				
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps			
Flow length, L	ft			
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr			
Channel flow Subtotal Tt = hr				

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID			
Structure 'From' - 'To'				
Flow Length, L	ft			
Pipe Diameter, D	in			
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n				
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft			
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps			
L				
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr			
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt = hr				

Total Hydraulic Length =	
Total Elevation Change =	
Average Slope =	6.5

Total Tt	=	0.1510
T lag = 0.6	Γt =	0.0906

```
65
  4.3
6.54%
```

# Post-developed Tc

3

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 2/14/2023

#### Watershed: Post Bypass Area A (west)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		grass	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.41	
Flow Length, L	ft.	12	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	3.5	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	0.0833	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.0362	
Sheet flow Subtotal 1	ſt= hr	· ·	0.0362

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID	B - C	
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)		unpaved	
Flow Length, L	ft	26	
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft	0.4808	
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps	11.19	
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr	0.0006	
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		0.0006

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID		
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft		
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft		
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft		
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps		
Flow length, L	ft		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Channel flow Subtotal Tt = hr			

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID	
Structure 'From' - 'To'		
Flow Length, L	ft	
Pipe Diameter, D	in	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n		
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft	
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps	
L		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr	
Pipe flow Subto	otal Tt = hr	

		Total Tt = T lag = 0.6Tt =	0.0368 0.0221
Total Hydraulic Length =	38		
Total Elevation Change =	13.5	Use	6 Minutes
Average Slope =	35.53%		

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 2/14/2023

#### Watershed: Post Drainage Area Basin B (east)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		gravel	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.011	
Flow Length, L	ft.	100	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	3.5	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	0.0200	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.0193	
Sheet flow Subtotal Tt =	– hr	· · · ·	0.0193

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID	B - C	
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)		unpaved	
Flow Length, L	ft	184	
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft	0.0380	
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps	3.15	
	hr	0.0162	
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		0.0162

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID		
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft		
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft		
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft		
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps		
Flow length, L	ft		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Channel flow Subtotal Tt = hr			

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID	D - E	
Structure 'From' - 'To'		Pipe	
Flow Length, L	ft	353	
Pipe Diameter, D	in	15.00	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n		0.011	
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft	0.005	
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps	6.33	
	hr	0.0155	
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt =	= hr	н — н	0.0155

		Total Tt = T lag = 0.6Tt =	0.0510 0.0306
Total Hydraulic Length =	637		
Total Elevation Change =	17.0	Use	6 Minutes
Average Slope =	2.67%		

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 2/14/2023

#### Watershed: Post Bypass Area B (east)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		grass	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.41	
Flow Length, L	ft.	16.8	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	3.5	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	0.4167	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.0249	
Sheet flow Subtotal Tt	= hr		0.0249

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID		
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft		
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps		
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr		
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID		
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft		
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft		
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft		
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps		
Flow length, L	ft		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Channel flow Subtotal Tt :	= hr		

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID		
Structure 'From' - 'To'			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Pipe Diameter, D	in		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft		
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps		
L			
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt = hr			

		Total Tt = T lag = 0.6Tt =	0.0249 0.0149
Total Hydraulic Length =	16.8		
Total Elevation Change =	7.0	Use	6 Minutes
Average Slope =	41.67%		

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 2/14/2023

#### Watershed: Post Bypass Area C (east)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		woods	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.4	
Flow Length, L	ft.	10	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	3.5	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	0.1500	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.0242	
Sheet flow Subtotal 1	ſt= hr		0.0242

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID	B - C	
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)		unpaved	
Flow Length, L	ft	10	
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft	0.4500	
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps	10.82	
 Tt = (3600 × V)	hr	0.0003	
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		0.0003

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID		
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft		
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft		
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft		
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps		
Flow length, L	ft		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Channel flow Subtotal T	t= hr		

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID		
Structure 'From' - 'To'			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Pipe Diameter, D	in		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft		
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps		
L			
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt = hr			

		Total Tt = T lag = 0.6Tt =	0.0245 0.0147
Total Hydraulic Length =	20		
Total Elevation Change =	6.0	Use	6 Minutes
Average Slope =	30.00%		

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 2/14/2023

#### Watershed: Post Bypass Area D (east)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		woods	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.4	
Flow Length, L	ft.	20	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	3.5	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	0.2500	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
$Tt = (P2^{0.5})(s^{0.4})$	hr	0.0344	
Sheet flow Subtotal T	t= hr		0.0344

#### Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID		
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft		
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps		
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr		
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID		
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft		
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft		
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft		
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Velocity, $V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n$	fps		
Flow length, L	ft		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Channel flow Subtotal Tt :	= hr		

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID			
Structure 'From' - 'To'				
Flow Length, L	ft			
Pipe Diameter, D	in			
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n				
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft			
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps			
L				
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr			
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt = hr				

		Total Tt = T lag = 0.6Tt =	0.0344 0.0206
Total Hydraulic Length =	20		
Total Elevation Change =	5.0	Use	6 minutes
Average Slope =	25.00%		

Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 2/14/2023

#### Watershed: Post Bypass Area E (east)

#### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

#### Sheet Flow

	Segment ID	A - B	
Surface Description (table 3-1)		woods	
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n (table 3-1)		0.4	
Flow Length, L	ft.	65	
Two Year 24 Hour Rainfall, P2	in.	3.5	
Land Slope, s	ft/ft	0.0654	
0.007(nL)^0.8			
Tt = (P2^0.5)(s^0.4)	hr	0.1510	
Sheet flow Subtotal T	t= hr	· · · · ·	0.1510

#### Shallow concentrated flow

S	Segment ID		
Surface Description (paved or unpaved)			
Flow Length, L	ft		
Watercourse Slope, s	ft/ft		
Average Velociity, V (figure 3-1)	fps		
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr		
Shallow concentrated flow Subtotal Tt =	hr		

#### **Channel flow**

	Segment ID		
Cross Sectional Flow Area, a	sq ft		
Wetted Perimeter, Pw	ft		
Hydraulic Radius, r = a/Pw	ft		
Channel Slope, s	ft/ft		
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n			
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps		
Flow length, L	ft		
Tt = (3600 × V)	hr		
Channel flow Subtotal Tt	= hr		

#### Pipe flow

	Segment ID			
Structure 'From' - 'To'				
Flow Length, L	ft			
Pipe Diameter, D	in			
Manning's Roughness Coefficient, n				
Pipe Slope, s	ft/ft			
Velocity, V = (1.486)(r^2/3)(s^1/2)/n	fps			
L				
Tt = (3600 x V)	hr			
Pipe flow Subtotal Tt = hr				

Total Hydraulic Length =	
Total Elevation Change =	
Average Slope =	6.5

Total Tt	=	0.1510
T lag = 0.6	Γt =	0.0906

```
65
  4.3
6.54%
```

# Pre-developed Cn

4

Moffat Properties - Newburgh NY (028-004) Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 08/29/22

Watershed: Pre Drainage Area A (north)

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
Α	Impervious	98	0.311	30.51
Α	Open Space-Poor	68	0.982	66.81
Α	Gravel	76	0.191	14.54
Α	Woods - Good	30	1.329	39.87
D	Open SpacePoor	89	0.005	0.48
D	Woods-Good	79	0.315	24.91

Totals = 3.135

Composite Cn = 177.11 = 56.50 3.13

USE Cn = 57

177.11

<b>24 hr RAINFALL</b> (per Cornell Extreme Precipitation Database)					
1 year 10 year 25 year 100 year					
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33		

Moffat Properties - Newburgh NY (028-004) Town of Newburgh Orange County, New York

By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 08/29/22

Watershed: Pre Drainage Area B (south)

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
Α	Impervious	98	0.237	23.25
А	Open SpacePoor	68	0.852	57.91
А	Gravel	76	0.183	13.94
А	Woods - Good	30	0.157	4.71
		Totals =	1.429	99.81

Composite Cn = 99.81 = 69.83 1.43

USE Cn = 70

<b>24 hr RAINFALL</b> (per Cornell Extreme Precipitation Database)			
<u>1 year</u>	10 year	25 year	100 year
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33
By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 08/29/22

Watershed: Pre Drainage Area C (south)

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
А	Impervious	98	0.042	4.15
А	Open SpacePoor	68	0.197	13.40
А	Gravel	76	0.008	0.58
А	Woods - Good	30	0.216	6.47
		Totals =	0.463	24.60

Composite Cn = 24.60 = 53.17 0.46

(per		<b>RAINFALL</b> ne Precipitation	
1 year	10 year	25 year	100 year
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33

By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 08/29/22

Watershed: Pre Drainage Area D (south)

#### RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
А	Impervious	98	0.018	1.76
А	Open SpacePoor	68	0.285	19.36
А	Gravel	76	0.011	0.81
А	Woods - Good	30	0.249	7.48
D	Open SpacePoor	89	0.001	0.11
D	Woods-Good	79	0.040	3.18

Totals = 0.604 32.70

Composite Cn = 32.70 = 54.13 0.60

(per (		<b>RAINFALL</b> ne Precipitatior	
<u>1 year</u>	10 year	25 year	100 year
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33

By: JWJ Date: 6/13/2022 Rev'd: 08/29/22

Watershed: Pre Drainage Area E (south)

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
D	Open SpacePoor	89	0.026	2.27
D	Woods-Good	79	0.259	20.45
		Totals =	0.284	22.72

Composite Cn = 22.72 = 79.90 0.28

(per (		<b>RAINFALL</b> ne Precipitation	
1 year	10 year	25 year	100 year
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33

# Post-developed Cn

5

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 02/14/23

Watershed: Post Bypass Area A (west)

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
Α	Impervious	98	0.007	0.71
А	Open Space-Good	39	0.184	7.18
А	Gravel	76	0.000	0.00
Α	Woods - Good	30	0.993	29.78
D	Open Space-Good	80	0.028	2.20
D	Woods-Good	79	0.316	24.99
D	Gravel	91		0.00
			0.000	

Totals = 1.528 64.86

Composite Cn = <u>64.86</u> = 42.45 1.53

(per		<b>RAINFALL</b> ne Precipitation	
<u>1 year</u>	10 year	25 year	100 year
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 02/14/23

Watershed: Post Drainage Area Basin B (east)

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
А	Impervious	98	1.472	144.26
А	Open Space-Good	39	0.576	22.47
А	Gravel	76	1.362	103.49
D	Woods-Good	79	0.000	0.00
D	Gravel	91	0.000	0.00
			-	

Totals = 3.410 270.21

Composite Cn = 270.21 = 79.25 3.41

(per (		<b>RAINFALL</b> ne Precipitation	
<u>1 year</u>	10 year	25 year	100 year
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 02/14/23

Watershed: **Post Bypass Area B (east)** 

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
А	Impervious	98	0.000	0.00
А	Open Space-Good	39	0.298	11.62
А	Gravel	76	0.000	0.00
А	Woods - Good	30	0.132	3.96
		Totals =	0.430	15.58

Composite Cn = 15.58 = 36.240.43

(per		<b>RAINFALL</b> ne Precipitation	
1 year	10 year	25 year	100 year
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 02/14/23

Watershed: Post Bypass Area C (east)

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
Α	Impervious	98	0.000	0.00
Α	Open Space-Good	39	0.064	2.51
А	Gravel	76	0.000	0.00
А	Woods - Good	30	0.088	2.65
		Totals =	0.153	5.16

Composite Cn = 5.16 = 33.790.15

<b>24 hr RAINFALL</b> (per Cornell Extreme Precipitation Database)				
1 year 10 year 25 year 100 year				
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33	-

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 02/14/23

Watershed: **Post Bypass Area D (east)** 

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
Α	Impervious	98	0.000	0.00
Α	Open Space-Good	39	0.061	2.39
Α	Gravel	76	0.000	0.00
Α	Woods - Good	30	0.093	2.80
D	Open Space-Good	80	0.009	0.73
D	Woods-Good	79	0.025	1.96
D	Gravel	91	0.000	0.00

Totals = 0.188 7.88

Composite Cn = 7.88 = 41.80 0.19

<b>24 hr RAINFALL</b> (per Cornell Extreme Precipitation Database)				
1 year 10 year 25 year 100 year				
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33	-

By: NES Date: 6/14/2022 Rev'd: 02/14/23

Watershed: **Post Bypass Area E (east)** 

#### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:**

(S.C.S. TR-55 method)

Soil name and hydrologic group	Cover Description	Cn	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
Α	Impervious	98	0.000	0.00
Α	Open Space-Good	39	0.000	0.00
Α	Gravel	76	0.000	0.00
Α	Woods - Good	30	0.000	0.00
D	Open Space-Good	80	0.026	2.07
D	Woods-Good	79	0.179	14.12
D	Gravel	91	0.000	0.00

Totals = 0.205 16.20

Composite Cn = 16.20 = 79.13 0.20

<b>24 hr RAINFALL</b> (per Cornell Extreme Precipitation Database)				
1 year 10 year 25 year 100 year				
2.60	4.70	5.90	8.33	

# Pre- and Post-developed Hydrographs

6

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre A (west)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre B (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre C (east)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre D (east)

02-14-2023



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#### Pre E (east)

02-14-2023



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0.15

0.1

0.05

0 +

0 1

3

4

2

5 6

#### **Pre Site East Total**



02-14-2023

### Hyd. No. 6



Time (hrs)

8

7

<del>1 1 1</del>

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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### Post Byp A (west)

02-14-2023

### Hyd. No. 7

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 0.00 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 0.000 cuft
Drainage Area	= 1.53 ac	Curve Number	= 42
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.60 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484

Qp = 0.00 cfs

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#### Post Basin B (west)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



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Storm Duration

= 24 hrs

### Post B Bypass (east)

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 0.00 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 0.000 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.43 ac	Curve Number	= 36
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.60 in	Design Storm	= Type III

Qp = 0.00 cfs

Shape Factor

02-14-2023

### Hyd. No. 9

= 484

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### Post C (east)

02-14-2023

### Hyd. No. 10

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 0.00 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 0.000 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.15 ac	Curve Number	= 34
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.60 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484

Qp = 0.00 cfs

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post D (east)

02-14-2023

### Hyd. No. 11

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 0.00 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 0.000 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.188 ac	Curve Number	= 42
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.60 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484

Qp = 0.00 cfs

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Post E (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Post Site East Total**



02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Post Basin B

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

0.28-0.27-0.26-0.25-0.24 0.23 0.22-0.21-0.2-0.19-0.18-0.17-0.16-0.15 (sj) 0.14 0 0.13 <del>-</del> 0.12-0.11-0.1 0.09-0.08-0.07 -0.06-0.05 0.04-0.03 0.02-0.01-0-

#### **Post Site West Total**

2

0

6

4

10

8

12

14



02-14-2023

T

42

36

38

40

34

Basin B — Site West Total

20

22 24

Time (hrs)

26

28

30

32

18

16

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#### Pre A (west)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre B (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre C (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre D (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Pre E (east)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Pre Site East Total**



02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Post Byp A (west)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Post Basin B (west)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Post B Bypass (east)

02-14-2023


Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post C (east)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post D (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post E (east)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Post Site East Total**



02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### Post Basin B



Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

Hydrograph Type

Storm Frequency

Time Interval

#### **Post Site West Total**





02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre A (west)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre B (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre C (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre D (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre E (east)

02-14-2023

#### Hyd. No. 5



Project Name:

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Pre Site East Total**

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post Byp A (west)

Project Name: 02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post Basin B (west)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post B Bypass (east)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post C (east)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post D (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post E (east)

02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Post Site East Total**



#### 02-14-2023

Project Name:



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Post Basin B**

Hydrograph Type

Storm Frequency

Inflow Hydrograph

Time Interval

Pond Name



= Pond Route

= 8 - Basin B (west)

= 25-yr

= 2 min

= Pond B

= Wet Pond





Hyd. No. 14

02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Post Site West Total**

----- Byp A (west) ----- Basin B ----- Site West Total

Time (hrs)



Project Name:

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre A (west)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre B (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre C (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre D (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Pre E (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Pre Site East Total**



B (east) — C (east) — D (east) — E (east) — Site East Total

-

02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post Byp A (west)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post Basin B (west)

02-14-2023

#### Hyd. No. 8



Project Name:

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post B Bypass (east)

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.274 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.10 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 1,479 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.43 ac	Curve Number	= 36
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 8.33 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Project Name:

02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post C (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post D (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post E (east)

02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Post Site East Total**



02-14-2023



Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

### Post Basin B

Hydrograph Type

= Pond Route

	Hyd. No. 1
Peak Flow	= 1.455 cfs

Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 13.60 hrs			
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 67,472 cuft			
Inflow Hydrograph	= 8 - Basin B (west)	Max. Elevation	= 486.77 ft			
Pond Name	= Pond B	Max. Storage	= 43,036 cuft			
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 481.00 ft			
Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method Center of mass detention time = 5.86 hrs						
Qp = 1.46 cfs						
25						
24						
23-						
22						
21						
20						
19						
18						
17						
16						
15						



02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

#### **Post Site West Total**

02-14-2023


## Storm Sewer Design Information

7

Inlet, Pipe, HGL Calculations

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Stormwater Studio 2022 v 3.0.0.29

Project Name: Enter Project Name...

02-14-2023

Line No			~	7	ო	4	£	9	7	ω	σ	∍v2.sws
			00	00	30	00	35	00	00	00	о Об	ver 100-re
Surface Elev	ď	(ft)	487.00	493.00	494.30	493.00	494.35	493.00	494.00	493.00	488.80	Storm Sev
Surfa	dŊ	( <b>t</b> t)	493.00	494.30	493.75	494.35	493.00	494.00	495.00	488.80	487.40	Project File: 028004 Storm Sewer 100-rev2.sws
Elev	Dn	(ft)	482.50	488.92	490.12	484.20	484.85	489.62	491.15	485.38	485.44	Project F
HGL Elev	dŊ	( <b>t</b> t)	483.04	489.53	490.55	484.62	485.04	490.70	491.88	485.41	485.44	
Elev	Б	(ft)	481.00	487.95	488.76	481.49	482.20	488.71	489.89	482.70	483.40	
Invert Elev	dŊ	( <b>ft</b> )	481.29	488.56	489.75	482.00	482.45	489.69	491.00	483.20	483.60	
υ	Slope	(%)	0.66	0.51	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.50	
Line	Size	(in)	18	15	15	18	18	15	15	15	<u>ب</u>	
ocity	l∍V	(ft/s)	7.76	5.05	3.52	4.49	4.28	6.36	4.17	1.17	0.87	
γtice	qsJ	(cfs)	10.08	5.44	5.40	8.75	8.78	7.63	5.40	5.40	5.40	
otal Q	ণ	(cfs)	13.71	5.14	3.49	7.94	7.57	6.42	4.39	1.44	1.06	
<b>V</b> tisu	ətul	(in/hr)	5.42	5.62	5.83	5.50	5.54	5.61	5.83	8.34	8.52	
<u>ں</u>	Syst	(min)	11.45	10.71	10.00	11.14	10.99	10.76	10.00	5.20	5.00	
	Inlet	(min)	5.0	5.0	10.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	10.0	5.0	5.0	
C X A	Total		2.53	0.92	09.0	1.44	1.37	1.15	0.75	0.17	0.12	
ပ်	Incr		0.17	0.32	09.0	0.08	0.05	0.39	0.75	0.05	0.12	-yrs.
lsnoi	ţвЯ	(c)	0.96	0.96	0.73	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.73	0.96	96 <sup>.</sup> 0	od = 25.
Area	Total	(ac)	3.080	1.150	0.820	1.750	1.670	1.440	1.030	0.180	0.130	turn Peri
Drng Area	Incr	(ac)	0.180	0.330	0.820	0.080	0.050	0.410	1.030	0.050	0.130	Y.idf, Re
цţрu	ъ	(ft)	44.00	120.04	198.00	102.55	50.00	98.00	222.00	100.00	40.00	epsieN
D			102-100	104-102	106-104	108-102	110-108	116-110	118-116	112-110	114-112	Notes: IDF File = PoughkeepsieNY.idf, Return Period = 25-yrs.

# Hydraulic Calculations

8

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

## Pond B

02-14-2023

## Stage-Storage

User De	efined Cont	ours		Stage / Storage Table							
	Description		Input	Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour Are (sqft)	a Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total Storage (cuft)			
Bottom	Bottom Elevation, ft			0.00	477.00	476	0.000	0.000			
	Voids (%)	1	100.00	1.00	478.00	772	624	624			
	Volume Calc	Av.0	End Area	2.00	479.00	1,173	973	1,597			
	volume Calc	Ave	Ave End Area		480.00	1,653	1,413	3,010			
				3.00 4.00	481.00	3,826	2,740	5,749			
				5.00	482.00	4,638	4,232	9,981			
				6.00	483.00	5,516	5,077	15,058			
		_		7.00	484.00	6,465	5,991	21,049			
				8.00	485.00	7,483	6,974	28,023			
				9.00	486.00	8,563	8,023	36,046			
		_		10.00	487.00	9,700	9,132	45,177			
		_		11.00	488.00	10,905	10,303	55,480			
			S	Stage-S	Storage	1					
					_						
3]								11			
-											
7-								10			
7 -											
7-								10			
7 6 5								10 9 8			
7 6 5								10 9 8 7			
8 7 - 6 - 5 - 4 - 3								10 9 8 7			
7								10 9 8 7			
7								10 9 8 7			
7								10 9 8 7			
7								10 9 8 7 6 5 4			
7								10 9 8 7 6 5			
								10 9 8 7 6 5 4			
7 6 5 4 3 2 1 9								10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3			
								10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3			
	10000	15000	20000	25000 Tatal Sta	30000 rage (cuft)	35000 400	00 45000 50	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3			

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

## Pond B

02-14-2023

## Stage-Discharge

0.1	0		Orifices	Orifice Dista	
Culvert / Orifices	Culvert	1*	2*	3	Orifice Plate
Rise, in	12	3.25	4		Orifice Dia, in
Span, in	12	3.25 4			No. Orifices
No. Barrels	1	1 1			Invert Elevation, ft
Invert Elevation, ft	480.00	481.00	483.00		Height, ft
Orifice Coefficient, Co	0.60	0.60	0.60		Orifice Coefficient, Co
Length, ft	88				
Barrel Slope, %	.57				
N-Value, n	0.013				
\ <b>A</b> /a :==	Discut		Weirs		A
Weirs	Riser*	1 2 3			Ancillary
Shape / Type	Box				Exfiltration, in/hr
Crest Elevation, ft	487				
Crest Length, ft	16				
Angle, deg					
Weir Coefficient, Cw	3.3				
488			ischarge		11
487 486 485 484 483 482 481 480 479					10 9 8 7 6 5 4 4 3 2
478 477 0 1 22	3			6	7 8 9
	o of Pond — Ci	Discha	arge (cfs)		

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

## Pond B

## Stage-Storage-Discharge Summary

Stage	Elev.	Storage	Culvert	vert Orifices, cfs			Riser	r Weirs, cfs			Pf Riser	Exfil	User	Total
(ft)	(ft)	(cuft)	(cfs)	1	2	3	(cfs)	1	2	3	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)
0.00	477.00	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000							0.000
1.00	478.00	624	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000							0.000
2.00	479.00	1,597	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000							0.000
3.00	480.00	3,010	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000							0.000
4.00	481.00	5,749	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000							0.000
5.00	482.00	9,981	0.258 ic	0.258	0.000		0.000							0.258
6.00	483.00	15,058	0.379 ic	0.379	0.000		0.000							0.379
7.00	484.00	21,049	0.853 ic	0.469	0.384		0.000							0.853
8.00	485.00	28,023	1.114 ic	0.545	0.569		0.000							1.114
9.00	486.00	36,046	1.319 ic	0.612	0.707		0.000							1.319
10.00	487.00	45,177	1.494 ic	0.672	0.823		0.000							1.494
11.00	488.00	55,480	8.396 oc	0.000	0.000		0.000							8.396
														ĺ

02-14-2023

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.26

## Pond B





02-14-2023

By: JWJ Date: 6/15/2022 Chk'd: X.X.X. Rev'd 2/14/2023

### EMERGENCY SPILLWAY CALCULATION

 $\frac{Formula:}{Q = 2.7 LH^{3/2}}$ 



Basin Identification: Basin A

Discharge Q (CFS)
(0.0)
0.0
3.0
8.5
15.5
23.9
33.4

Q <sub>100</sub> to the Basin:	22.18
Top of Berm Elevation:	488.00
Spillway Crest Elevation:	487.50
Spillway Bottom Width (L):	35.0
Spillway Side Slope Run:	5.00
Spillway Side Slope Rise:	0.50
Side Angle (q):	84.29

: <b>487.88</b>	100 Year WSE:
: <b>0.12</b>	Freeboard to Top of Berm (Ft.):

# Natural Environ Constrain Analysis

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**HELPING YOU ACHIEVE YOUR GOALS** 

December 7, 2021

Neil E. Sander, PE President Independence Engineering, LLC 102 Farnsworth Avenue, Suite 310 Bordentown, NJ 08505

#### Re: Natural Environ Constraint Analysis 226 State Route 17K, Town of Newburgh, Orange County, NY

Dear Mr. Sander:

Thank you for your continued interest in the professional environmental services of Nautilus Environmental Group, LLC (Nautilus). Below is a summary of the Natural Environ Constraint Analysis (NECA) for 226 Route 17K (Parcel IDs 89-1-64 and 89-1-65), Town of Newburgh, Orange County, New York (Subject Property).

#### 1.0 Introduction

The purpose of the NECA was to establish limitations for site redevelopment relating to potential natural constraints (e.g., wetlands, streams and 100-year floodplains, etc.) and to develop engineering plans in conformance with applicable federal, state and municipal regulations.

Nautilus completed the following services related to the NECA: 1) reviewed previous wetland-related approvals or wetland reports generated by other consultants if available to see how they may assist or impact the assessments; 2) reviewed the New York State and National Wetland Inventory wetland mapping; 3) reviewed the United States Fish & Wildlife Service iPAC online data portal for threatened and endangered species; 4) reviewed the New York State Environmental Mapper online data portal for threatened and endangered species 5) conducted an inspection of the property to approximate any wetlands or waters regulated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) or New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC); 6) conducted a preliminary habitat evaluation for any rare species listed on iPAC and the NYSDEC Environmental Resource Mapper; 7) United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Services Web Soil mapping information pertaining to soils; and 8) a site reconnaissance.

#### 2.0 Data Presentation

#### Site Location and Description

The Subject Property, located at 226 Route 17K, Town of Newburgh, Orange County, NY (Parcel IDs 89-1-64 and 89-1-65), is 5.91 acres in size and maintains the Landscape Home and Garden Center (Figures 1, 2 and 3, Attachment A and Photographs 1 through 12, Attachment B).



#### **Topography and Slopes**

The topography ranges from 476 ft. above mean sea level to 500 ft. (Figure 4, Attachment A). There are some apparent steep slopes located proximate to the stream corridor along the western boundary and the Subject Property's eastern boundary. The Town of Newburgh does not have steep slope limitations and their area can be used for bulk density calculations. In addition, grading within areas that have steep slopes are permitted in the Town of Newburgh. Thus, the steep slope areas on the Subject Property should not be a considered a constraint.

#### Soils

The United States Department of Agriculture has mapped soils throughout the state of New York and provided the results to each county specifically in Orange County (United States Department of Agriculture, 1912). This original soil data is presented on the Natural Resources Conservation Services Web Soil Survey (Figure 5, Attachment A), this property contains the following soils:

Erie extremely stony soils, gently sloping (ESB) Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric Soil Rating: No Depth to Water Table: 6 to 18 inches

Udifluvents-Fluvaquents Complex, Frequently Flooded (UF) Hydrologic Soil Group: A Hydric Soil Rating: No Depth to Water Table: 24 to 72 inches

The vast majority of the Subject Property are composed of UF soils including the level ground currently being utilized by the current landscaping operation and the areas proximate to the stream corridor. Based on the topography and observations collected during the reconnaissance, the frequently flooded portion of this soil type is anticipated to be restricted to the stream corridor and should be considered a constraint.

It is recommended that test pits be performed on the Subject Property as part of the on-going due diligence to determine potential impacts pertaining to site development such a foundations and stormwater basins.

#### **Streams and Floodplains**

According to the NYSDEC Environmental Resource Mapper and the Site Plan (Figure 3, Attachment A) provided by the Client, a stream is located along the Subject Property's western boundary (Figure 6, Attachment A), which is designated as a Class C stream according to NYSDEC. Stream classes are defined by the NYSDEC based on existing or best usage. The classification AA or A is assigned to waters used as a source of drinking water. Classification B indicates a best usage for swimming and other contact recreation, but not for drinking water. Classification C is for waters supporting fisheries and suitable for non - contact activities and does not have a regulated riparian buffer. The lowest classification and standard is Class D. The stream corridor should be considered a constraint.

Review of the FEMA Firm Panel 36071C0138E (dated August 3, 2009) shows that the western boundary of the Subject Property is located within a flood zone designated as A (100-year floodplain), (Figure 7, Attachment A). The portions of the Subject Property that are classified as being within the 100-year flood zone and the stream should be considered a constraint.

#### Wetlands

According to the NYSDEC Environmental Resource Mapper, a wetland corridor is located along the Subject Property's western boundary (Figure 8, Attachment A), which is designated as a Riverine National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) wetland. These wetland areas are congruent with the stream corridor. Based on



observations during the reconnaissance, this digital mapping of the NWI wetland is fairly accurate along the western boundary of the Subject Property. NWI wetlands in New York State do not require a wetland buffer. Also, additional wetlands were observed along the eastern and northern boundary of the Subject Property, which will not have a wetland buffer. Thus, the wetland areas should be considered a constraint.

More importantly, there are no New York State Designated wetlands on the Subject Property which would have required a 100 foot buffer. Figure 8 (Attachment A) shows that a portion of the Subject Property is located within an area designated as "regional areas proximate to NYSDEC wetlands." However, this designation should not be considered a constraint for site development purposes from a regulatory perspective.

All of the wetland areas will be regulated by the USACE. Section 404 of the Clean Water Act requires the USACE authorization for the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States. Waters of the United States include wetlands, intermittent and perennial streams, ponds, rivers, lakes and the territorial seas. Activities in waters of the United States for which permits may be required include, but are not limited to, placement of fill material, land clearing involving relocation of soil, road construction, shoreline erosion control, mining, utility line or pipeline construction and other activities which result in a discharge of fill material. Discharges of fill material are regulated under Section 404 for all waters of the United States regardless of size.

The Corps uses three characteristics to determine if an area is a wetland: vegetation, soil and hydrology. Unless an area has been altered or is a rare natural situation, indicators of all three characteristics must be present for an area to be a wetland. They are:

#### Vegetation

Wetland vegetation consists of plants that require saturated soils to survive as well as plants that gain a competitive advantage over others because they can tolerate prolonged wet soil conditions. Wetland vegetation may also exhibit physical adaptations that indicate the presence of water. These adaptations include shallow root systems, swollen trunks or roots growing from the plant stem or trunk above the soil surface.

#### Soils

Soils that occur in wetlands are called hydric soils. Hydric soils have characteristics that indicate they were developed in conditions where soil oxygen is/or was limited by the presence of water for long periods of the growing season.

#### Hydrology

Wetland hydrology refers to the presence of water, either above the soil surface or within the soil, but near the surface (12 to 18 inches below the soil surface, depending on the soil type) for a sufficient period of the year to deprive the soils of oxygen and significantly influence the plant types that occur in the area.

Therefore, a wetland delineation (including a boundary / topography survey and wetland flag locations) should be performed, and an application submitted to USACE to memorialize the location of these wetlands.

#### Wildlife Habitats of Potential Importance

A red maple swamp (designated by the NYSDEC as a "significant natural community") is located approximately 1,800 feet to the north of the Subject Property (Figure 9, Attachment A) and should not be considered a constraint.



The Subject Property is located within an area defined as being in the vicinity of bats (Indiana Bat and Northern Long-Eared Bat) listed as endangered or threatened (Figure 10, Attachment A). The mature trees on the Subject Property have the potential to provide habitat for these specific bats are are generally located along the western and eastern property boundaries and within steep slope areas. Mature trees can be removed from the Subject Property outside of the restricted dates (i.e., November 1 through March 31). Thus, mature trees should not be considered a constraint.

#### 3.0 Constraints Map

Nautilus has prepared a site-specific constraints map showing areas that should be considered undevelopable (Figure 11, Attachment A). These constrained lands are composed of a stream corridor, 100-year floodplain and wetlands (to be regulated by the USACE).

#### 4.0 Potential Anthropogenic Impacts

In addition to the natural environ constraints, several potential anthropogenic impacts may exist on the Subject Property including storage tanks and residual pesticides as a result of the commercial activities associated with the landscaping operations. Thus, a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (Phase I ESA) should be performed in conformance with the scope of American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E1527-13 Standard, which defines a Recognized Environmental Condition (REC) as: "the presence or likely presence of any hazardous substances or petroleum products on a property under conditions that indicate an existing release, a past release, or a material threat of release of any hazardous substances or petroleum products into structures on the property or into the ground, groundwater, or surface water of the property". The completion of the Phase I ESA can assist the purchaser in identifying areas that could impact redevelopment and assist in purchase price negotiations.

Thank you again for your interest in Nautilus. If you have any questions regarding anything herein, please do not hesitate to contact me at 609.608.6081 or via e-mail at rkertes@nautilusenvgroup.com.

Sincerely, NAUTILUS ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP, LLC

Randy S. Kertes, P.G., C.P.G. PRINCIPAL



## ATTACHMENT A



Approximate Scale: 1,000 FEET

Source: NJDEP 2019 USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, NEWBURGH, NY

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15 Quaker Road Princeton Junction, NJ 08550 NECA 226 ROUTE 17K TOWN OF NEWBURGH ORANGE COUNTY, NY

FIGURE 1 USGS LOCATION MAP



Approximate Scale: 500 feet

Source: NYSDEC ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MAPPER, DECEMBER 2021

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Nautilus Environmental Group, LLC

NECA 226 ROUTE 17K TOWN OF NEWBURGH ORANGE COUNTY, NY

FIGURE 2 COMPOSITE TAX / AERIAL MAP



## Source: SITE SURVEY, LANC & TULLY, AUGUST 4, 2021

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FIGURE 3 SITE SURVEY



## Approximate Scale: 100 feet

## Source: NY DHSES. NY STATEWIDE DIGITAL ORTHOIMAGERY PROGRAM

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FIGURE 4 TOPOGRAPHY



Approximate Scale: 200 feet

## Source: USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY, DECEMBER 2021

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FIGURE 5 SOILS



Approximate Scale: 200 feet

Source: NYSDEC ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MAPPER, DECEMBER 2021

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FIGURE 6 STREAMS



Approximate Scale: 500 feet

Source: FEMA FIRM PANEL 36071C0138E, AUGUST 3, 2009

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FIGURE 7 FEMA FIRM PANEL



Approximate Scale: 200 feet

Source: NYSDEC ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MAPPER, DECEMBER 2021

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FIGURE 8 WETLANDS



Approximate Scale: 500 feet

Source: NYSDEC ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MAPPER, DECEMBER 2021

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"HELPING YOU ATTAIN YOUR GOALS" Nautilus Environmental Group, LLC 15 Quaker Road Princeton Junction, NJ 08550 NECA 226 ROUTE 17K TOWN OF NEWBURGH ORANGE COUNTY, NY FIGURE 9 SIGNIFICANT NATURAL COMMUNITIES



Approximate Scale: 500 feet

Source: NYSDEC ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MAPPER, DECEMBER 2021

Nautilus Environmental Group, LLC

"HELPING YOU ATTAIN YOUR GOALS" Nautilus Environmental Group, LLC 15 Quaker Road Princeton Junction, NJ 08550 NECA 226 ROUTE 17K TOWN OF NEWBURGH ORANGE COUNTY, NY FIGURE 10 RARE PLANTS AND ANIMALS



NOTE: AREAS DESIGNATED ON THIS PLAN ARE NOT SURVEYED AND SHOULD BE USED FOR PRELIMINARY PLANNING PURPOSES.



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NECA 226 ROUTE 17K TOWN OF NEWBURGH ORANGE COUNTY, NY

**FIGURE 11 CONSTRAINT MAP** 



## ATTACHMENT B













# **Construction Site Inspection**

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## APPENDIX F CONSTRUCTION SITE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE LOG BOOK

# STATE POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

## SAMPLE CONSTRUCTION SITE LOG BOOK

## Table of Contents

- I. Pre-Construction Meeting Documents
  - a. Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections
  - b. Pre-Construction Site Assessment Checklist

## **II.** Construction Duration Inspections

- a. Directions
- b. Modification to the SWPPP

#### I. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING DOCUMENTS

Project Name	
Permit No.	Date of Authorization
Name of Operator	
Prime Contractor	

#### a. Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections

The Following Information To Be Read By All Person's Involved in The Construction of Stormwater Related Activities:

The Operator agrees to have a qualified inspector<sup>1</sup> conduct an assessment of the site prior to the commencement of construction<sup>2</sup> and certify in this inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP have been adequately installed or implemented to ensure overall preparedness of the site for the commencement of construction.

Prior to the commencement of construction, the Operator shall certify in this site logbook that the SWPPP has been prepared in accordance with the State's standards and meets all Federal, State and local erosion and sediment control requirements. A preconstruction meeting should be held to review all of the SWPPP requirements with construction personnel.

When construction starts, site inspections shall be conducted by the qualified inspector at least every 7 calendar days. The Operator shall maintain a record of all inspection reports in this site logbook. The site logbook shall be maintained on site and be made available to the permitting authorities upon request.

Prior to filing the Notice of Termination or the end of permit term, the Operator shall have a qualified inspector perform a final site inspection. The qualified inspector shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization<sup>3</sup> using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods and that all temporary erosion and sediment controls (such as silt fencing) not needed for long-term erosion control have been removed. In addition, the Operator must identify and certify that all permanent structures described in the SWPPP have been constructed and provide the owner(s) with an operation and maintenance plan that ensures the structure(s) continuously functions as designed.

1 Refer to "Qualified Inspector" inspection requirements in the current SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity for complete list of inspection requirements.

3 "Final stabilization" means that all soil-disturbing activities at the site have been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextiles) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures.

<sup>2 &</sup>quot;Commencement of construction" means the initial removal of vegetation and disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading or excavating activities or other construction activities.
## b. Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist (NOTE: Provide comments below as necessary)

1. Notice of Intent, SWPPP, and Contractors Certification:

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Has a Notice of Intent been filed with the NYS Department of Conservation?
- [] [] [] Is the SWPPP on-site? Where?
- [] [] Is the Plan current? What is the latest revision date?\_\_\_\_\_
- [] [] Is a copy of the NOI (with brief description) onsite? Where?
- [] [] Have all contractors involved with stormwater related activities signed a contractor's certification?

# 2. Resource Protection

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Are construction limits clearly flagged or fenced?
- [] [] Important trees and associated rooting zones, on-site septic system absorption fields, existing vegetated areas suitable for filter strips, especially in perimeter areas, have been flagged for protection.
- [] [] Creek crossings installed prior to land-disturbing activity, including clearing and blasting.
- 3. Surface Water Protection

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Clean stormwater runoff has been diverted from areas to be disturbed.
- [] [] Bodies of water located either on site or in the vicinity of the site have been identified and protected.
- [] [] Appropriate practices to protect on-site or downstream surface water are installed.
- [] [] Are clearing and grading operations divided into areas <5 acres?

# 4. Stabilized Construction Access

# Yes No NA

- [] [] A temporary construction entrance to capture mud and debris from construction vehicles before they enter the public highway has been installed.
- [] [] Other access areas (entrances, construction routes, equipment parking areas) are stabilized immediately as work takes place with gravel or other cover.
- [] [] Sediment tracked onto public streets is removed or cleaned on a regular basis.
- 5. Sediment Controls

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Silt fence material and installation comply with the standard drawing and specifications.
- [] [] Silt fences are installed at appropriate spacing intervals
- [] [] Sediment/detention basin was installed as first land disturbing activity.
- [] [] [] Sediment traps and barriers are installed.

# 6. Pollution Prevention for Waste and Hazardous Materials

# Yes No NA

- [] [] The Operator or designated representative has been assigned to implement the spill prevention avoidance and response plan.
- [] [] The plan is contained in the SWPPP on page
- [] [] Appropriate materials to control spills are onsite. Where?

# II. CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

# a. Directions:

# Inspection Forms will be filled out during the entire construction phase of the project.

Required Elements:

- 1) On a site map, indicate the extent of all disturbed site areas and drainage pathways. Indicate site areas that are expected to undergo initial disturbance or significant site work within the next 14-day period;
- 2) Indicate on a site map all areas of the site that have undergone temporary or permanent stabilization;
- 3) Indicate all disturbed site areas that have not undergone active site work during the previous 14-day period;
- 4) Inspect all sediment control practices and record the approximate degree of sediment accumulation as a percentage of sediment storage volume (for example, 10 percent, 20 percent, 50 percent);
- 5) Inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and record all maintenance requirements such as verifying the integrity of barrier or diversion systems (earthen berms or silt fencing) and containment systems (sediment basins and sediment traps). Identify any evidence of rill or gully erosion occurring on slopes and any loss of stabilizing vegetation or seeding/mulching. Document any excessive deposition of sediment or ponding water along barrier or diversion systems. Record the depth of sediment within containment structures, any erosion near outlet and overflow structures, and verify the ability of rock filters around perforated riser pipes to pass water; and
- 6) Immediately report to the Operator any deficiencies that are identified with the implementation of the SWPPP.

# SITE PLAN/SKETCH

 Inspector (print name)
 Date of Inspection

 Qualified Inspector (print name)
 Qualified Inspector Signature

The above signed acknowledges that, to the best of his/her knowledge, all information provided on the forms is accurate and complete.

# CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

# **Maintaining Water Quality**

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Is there an increase in turbidity causing a substantial visible contrast to natural conditions at the outfalls?
- [] [] Is there residue from oil and floating substances, visible oil film, or globules or grease at the outfalls?
- [] [] All disturbance is within the limits of the approved plans.
- [] [] Have receiving lake/bay, stream, and/or wetland been impacted by silt from project?

# Housekeeping

1. General Site Conditions

# Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Is construction site litter, debris and spoils appropriately managed?
- [] [] [] Are facilities and equipment necessary for implementation of erosion and sediment control in working order and/or properly maintained?
- [] [] [] Is construction impacting the adjacent property?
- [] [] [] Is dust adequately controlled?

# 2. Temporary Stream Crossing

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Maximum diameter pipes necessary to span creek without dredging are installed.
- [] [] Installed non-woven geotextile fabric beneath approaches.
- [] [] Is fill composed of aggregate (no earth or soil)?
- [] [] [] Rock on approaches is clean enough to remove mud from vehicles & prevent sediment from entering stream during high flow.
- 3. Stabilized Construction Access

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Stone is clean enough to effectively remove mud from vehicles.
- [] [] Installed per standards and specifications?
- [] [] Does all traffic use the stabilized entrance to enter and leave site?
- [] [] [] Is adequate drainage provided to prevent ponding at entrance?

# **Runoff Control Practices**

1. Excavation Dewatering

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Upstream and downstream berms (sandbags, inflatable dams, etc.) are installed per plan.
- [] [] Clean water from upstream pool is being pumped to the downstream pool.
- [] [] Sediment laden water from work area is being discharged to a silt-trapping device.
- [] [] Constructed upstream berm with one-foot minimum freeboard.

# **Runoff Control Practices (continued)**

2. Flow Spreader

# Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Installed per plan.
- [] [] Constructed on undisturbed soil, not on fill, receiving only clear, non-sediment laden flow.
- [] [] Flow sheets out of level spreader without erosion on downstream edge.

# 3. Interceptor Dikes and Swales

# Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Installed per plan with minimum side slopes 2H:1V or flatter.
- [] [] Stabilized by geotextile fabric, seed, or mulch with no erosion occurring.
- [] [] Sediment-laden runoff directed to sediment trapping structure

# 4. Stone Check Dam

# Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Is channel stable? (flow is not eroding soil underneath or around the structure).
- [] [] Check is in good condition (rocks in place and no permanent pools behind the structure).
- [] [] Has accumulated sediment been removed?.

# 5. Rock Outlet Protection

# Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Installed per plan.
- [] [] Installed concurrently with pipe installation.

# Soil Stabilization

1. Topsoil and Spoil Stockpiles

# Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Stockpiles are stabilized with vegetation and/or mulch.
- [] [] Sediment control is installed at the toe of the slope.
- 2. Revegetation

# Yes No NA

- [] [] [] Temporary seedings and mulch have been applied to idle areas.
- [] [] 4 inches minimum of topsoil has been applied under permanent seedings

# Sediment Control Practices

1. Silt Fence and Linear Barriers

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Installed on Contour, 10 feet from toe of slope (not across conveyance channels).
- [] [] Joints constructed by wrapping the two ends together for continuous support.
- [] [] Fabric buried 6 inches minimum.
- [] [] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.

Sediment accumulation is \_\_\_% of design capacity.

# CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

Page 4 of \_\_\_\_\_

# Sediment Control Practices (continued)

2. Storm Drain Inlet Protection (Use for Stone & Block; Filter Fabric; Curb; or, Excavated; Filter Sock or Manufactured practices)

## Yes No NA

- [] [] Installed concrete blocks lengthwise so open ends face outward, not upward.
- [] [] Placed wire screen between No. 3 crushed stone and concrete blocks.
- [] [] Drainage area is 1acre or less.
- [] [] Excavated area is 900 cubic feet.
- [] [] Excavated side slopes should be 2:1.
- [] [] 2" x 4" frame is constructed and structurally sound.
- [] [] Posts 3-foot maximum spacing between posts.
- [] [] Fabric is embedded 1 to 1.5 feet below ground and secured to frame/posts with staples at max 8-inch spacing.
- [] [] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.
- [] [] [] Manufactured insert fabric is free of tears and punctures.
- [] [] Filter Sock is not torn or flattened and fill material is contained within the mesh sock.

Sediment accumulation \_\_\_\_% of design capacity.

3. Temporary Sediment Trap

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Outlet structure is constructed per the approved plan or drawing.
- [] [] Geotextile fabric has been placed beneath rock fill.
- [] [] Sediment trap slopes and disturbed areas are stabilized.

Sediment accumulation is \_\_\_% of design capacity.

4. Temporary Sediment Basin

# Yes No NA

- [] [] Basin and outlet structure constructed per the approved plan.
- [] [] Basin side slopes are stabilized with seed/mulch.
- [] [] Drainage structure flushed and basin surface restored upon removal of sediment basin facility.
- [] [] Sediment basin dewatering pool is dewatering at appropriate rate.

Sediment accumulation is \_\_\_% of design capacity.

<u>Note</u>: Not all erosion and sediment control practices are included in this listing. Add additional pages to this list as required by site specific design. All practices shall be maintained in accordance with their respective standards.

Construction inspection checklists for post-development stormwater management practices can be found in Appendix F of the New York Stormwater Management Design Manual.

## CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

## **b.** Modifications to the SWPPP (To be completed as described below)

The Operator shall amend the SWPPP whenever:

- 1. There is a significant change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance which may have a significant effect on the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the United States and which has not otherwise been addressed in the SWPPP; or
- 2. The SWPPP proves to be ineffective in:
  - a. Eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified in the SWPPP and as required by this permit; or
  - b. Achieving the general objectives of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges from permitted construction activity; and
- 3. Additionally, the SWPPP shall be amended to identify any new contractor or subcontractor that will implement any measure of the SWPPP.

## **Modification & Reason:**

# Soil Map



MAP LEGEND				MAP INFORMATION
Area of Inte	rest (AOI)	33	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at
	Area of Interest (AOI)	۵	Stony Spot	1:15,800.
Soils		å	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
	Soil Map Unit Polygons	w v	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	Δ	Other	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of
	Soil Map Unit Points		Special Line Features	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed
•	oint Features	Water Fea		scale.
అ	Blowout	water rea	Streams and Canals	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map
Borrow Pit		Transport	tation	measurements.
Ж	Clay Spot	+++	Rails	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
$\diamond$	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways	Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
X	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercato
	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts
0	Landfill	~	Local Roads	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more
A.	Lava Flow	Backgrou	ind	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
عليه	Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data a
*	Mine or Quarry			of the version date(s) listed below.
0	Miscellaneous Water			Soil Survey Area: Orange County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 22, Aug 29, 2021
õ	Perennial Water			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales
	Rock Outcrop			1:50,000 or larger.
+	Saline Spot			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 13, 2021—Aug
÷.	Sandy Spot			15, 2021
	Severely Eroded Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background
_	Sinkhole			imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor
*	Slide or Slip			shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.
20	·			
Ø	Sodic Spot			



Мар	Unit	Legend
-----	------	--------

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BnB	Bath-Nassau channery silt loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	0.1	0.4%
BnC	Bath-Nassau channery silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	0.5	2.5%
ErB Erie gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes		0.4	2.4%
ESB	Erie extremely stony soils, gently sloping	8.1	43.6%
MdC Mardin gravelly silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes		0.0	0.0%
SXC Swartswood and Mardin soils, sloping, very stony		0.9	4.8%
UF Udifluvents-Fluvaquents complex, frequently flooded		8.6	46.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		18.5	100.0%

# MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form

NYS	NEW YORK STATE OF OPPORTUNITYDepartment of Environmental ConservationDepartment of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505				
MS4 Stormwate	r Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Acceptance Form				
	for ivities Seeking Authorization Under SPDES General Permit mpleted Form to Notice Of Intent and Submit to Address Above)				
I. Project Owner/Operato	or Information				
1. Owner/Operator Name:	Moffat Properties				
2. Contact Person:	Craig Moffat				
3. Street Address:	701 Finger Lake Drive				
4. City/State/Zip:	Wake Forest, NC 27587				
II. Project Site Information	on				
5. Project/Site Name:	Sunbelt Rentals - Newburgh				
6. Street Address:	224 & 226 New York Route 17K				
7. City/State/Zip:	Newburgh, NY 12550				
III. Stormwater Pollution	Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Review and Acceptance Information				
8. SWPPP Reviewed by:					
9. Title/Position:					
10. Date Final SWPPP Rev	iewed and Accepted:				
IV. Regulated MS4 Inform	ation				
11. Name of MS4:					
12. MS4 SPDES Permit Ide	ntification Number: NYR20A				
13. Contact Person:					
14. Street Address:					
15. City/State/Zip:					
16. Telephone Number:					

# MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - continued

# V. Certification Statement - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative

I hereby certify that the final Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the construction project identified in question 5 has been reviewed and meets the substantive requirements in the SPDES General Permit For Stormwater Discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). Note: The MS4, through the acceptance of the SWPPP, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the design included in the SWPPP. In addition, review and acceptance of the SWPPP by the MS4 does not relieve the owner/operator or their SWPPP preparer of responsibility or liability for errors or omissions in the plan.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

VI. Additional Information

(NYS DEC - MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - January 2015)

# Notice Of Termination Form

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505 *(NOTE: Submit completed form to address above)* NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity					
Please indicate your permit identification number: NY	R				
I. Owner or Operator Information					
1. Owner/Operator Name:					
2. Street Address:					
3. City/State/Zip:					
4. Contact Person:	4a.Telephone:				
4b. Contact Person E-Mail:					
II. Project Site Information					
5. Project/Site Name:					
6. Street Address:					
7. City/Zip:					
8. County:					
III. Reason for Termination					
9a. □ All disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization in accord SWPPP. <b>*Date final stabilization completed</b> (month/year):	ordance with the general permit and				
9b. □ Permit coverage has been transferred to new owner/opera permit identification number: NYR					
9c. □ Other (Explain on Page 2)					
IV. Final Site Information:					
10a. Did this construction activity require the development of a S stormwater management practices? □ yes □ no ( If no	WPPP that includes post-construction , go to question 10f.)				
10b. Have all post-construction stormwater management practic constructed? □ yes □ no (If no, explain on Page 2)					
10c. Identify the entity responsible for long-term operation and m	naintenance of practice(s)?				

# **NOTICE OF TERMINATION** for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

10d. Has the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance been given a copy of the operation and maintenance plan required by the general permit? □ yes □ no

10e. Indicate the method used to ensure long-term operation and maintenance of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s):

□ Post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-of-way(s) needed to maintain practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality.

Executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s).

□ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, a mechanism is in place that requires operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan, such as a deed covenant in the owner or operator's deed of record.

□ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, university or hospital), government agency or authority, or public utility; policy and procedures are in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan.

10f. Provide the total area of impervious surface (i.e. roof, pavement, concrete, gravel, etc.) constructed within the disturbance area?

(acres)

11. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4?  $\hfill\square$  yes  $\hfill\square$  no

(If Yes, complete section VI - "MS4 Acceptance" statement

## V. Additional Information/Explanation: (Use this section to answer questions 9c. and 10b., if applicable)

VI. MS4 Acceptance - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative (Note: Not required when 9b. is checked -transfer of coverage)

I have determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator of the construction project identified in question 5 to submit the Notice of Termination at this time.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

# **NOTICE OF TERMINATION** for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

VII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Final Stabilization:
 I hereby certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization as defined in the current version of the general permit, and that all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.
 Printed Name:
 Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

Date:

## VIII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice(s):

I hereby certify that all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

## IX. Owner or Operator Certification

I hereby certify that this document was prepared by me or under my direction or supervision. My determination, based upon my inquiry of the person(s) who managed the construction activity, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, is that the information provided in this document is true, accurate and complete. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

Printed Name: Title/Position: Signature: Date:

(NYS DEC Notice of Termination - January 2015)

# FINAL LAND DEVELOPMENT PLAN SET FOR SUNBELT RENTALS - NEWBURGH 224 & 226 NEW YORK ROUTE 17K, TOWN OF NEWBURGH ORANGE COUNTY, NEW YORK

# **PROPERTY**:

224 NY ROUTE 17K TAX LOT 89-1-64 14479 P.10 0.372 ACRES

226 NY ROUTE 17K TAX LOT 89-1-65 14479 P.10 5.543 ACRES

ZONING: IB INTERCHANGE BUSINES

# OWNER

EUGENE A. MAZZARELLI LIVING TRUST 739 HEWIT LANE NEW WINDSOR, NY 12553

# **APPLICANT:**

MOFFAT PROPERTIES, INC. 701 FINGER LAKES DRIVE WAKE FOREST, NC 27587

# ENGINEER:

INDEPENDENCE ENGINEERING LLC 102 FARNSWORTH AVENUE, SUITE 310 BORDENTOWN, NJ 08505

# SURVEYOR:

LANC & TULLY ENGINEERING & SURVEYING, P.C. PO BOX 687 ROUTE 207 GOSHEN, NY 10924

# GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANT:

MULA DESIGN GROUP 325 COTTAGE HILL ROAD YORK, PA 17401

# **ARCHITECT:**

ALIGN DESIGN ASSOCIATES 145 CHURCH STREET NE, SUITE 240 MARIETTA, GA 30060

# **DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

THE DEVELOPMENT PROPOSES TO DEMOLISH AN EXISTING VACANT STRUCTURE AND CONSTRUCT A NEW INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT YARD, INCLUDING PARKING, UTILITIES, AND STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES.

# TABLE OF LOT REQUIREMENTS FOR IB DISTRICT FOR THE TOWN OF NEWBURGH:

BULK & AREA CRITERIA	REQUIRED	EXISTING	PROPOSED
MINIMUM TOTAL LOT AREA (SQUARE FEET)	40,000	257,660	257,660
MINIMUM WIDTH (FEET)	150	346.20	346.20
MINIMUM DEPTH (FEET)	150	1040.44	1040.44
MAXIMUM LOT BUILDING COVERAGE (%)	40 %	4.13%	5.00%
MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT (FEET)	40	15	25
MAXIMUM LOT SURFACE COVERAGE (%)	80 %	16.90%	49.06%
FRONT YARD SETBACK (FEET)	50	103.00	134.38
SIDE YARD SETBACK (FEET)	30 (SINGLE)	46.65	64.50
SIDE YARD SETBACK (FEET)	80 (COMBINED)	162.54	129.31
REAR YARD SETBACK (FEET)	60	780	652.37



USGS QUAD MAP - NEWBURGH SCALE: 1" = 2,000'

AERIAL MAP SCALE: 1" = 1,000'

ZONING MAP SCALE: 1" = 1,000'



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174	

SHEET I Sheet

INDEX		
Description	Sheet Number	Sheet Title
1	C000	COVER SHEET
2	C300	DEMOLITION PLAN
3	C400	SITE PLAN
4	C500	GRADING PLAN
5	C600	UTILITY PLAN
6	C800	SITE DETAILS
7	C810	UTILITY DETAILS
8	C820	PUMP STATION NOTES & DETAILS
9	C830	DRIVEWAY NYSDOT PLAN, PROFILE, & DETAIL
10	C840	SWM AND SWPPP DETAILS
11	C2000	E&S CONTROL AND SWPPP PLAN
12	C2100	E&S DETAILS
13		SIGHT DISTANCE DIAGRAM
14		WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL
15		WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL GENERAL NOTES

ВҮ	N MAS	MAS	ESC	JWJ	JWJ		
DESCRIPTION	UPDATED PRE MHE REVIEW LETTERS DATED 07/21/22 AND CREIGHTON MANNING REVIEW LETTER DATED 07/20/22	REVISED PER TOWN COMMENTS	REVISED PER NYSDOT COMMENTS	REVISED PER NYSDOT COMMENTS	REVISED PER TOWN AND NYSDOT COMMENTS		
7 DATE	08/30/22	10/24/22	12/17/22	01/31/23	02/15/23		
Image: State of the state							
	FINAL LAND DEVELOFMENT FLAN JET	COVEN SITEEI for		224 & 226 NEW YORK ROUTE 17K, TOWN OF NEWBURGH	ORANGE COUNTY, NEW YORK		
ID #							
PROJECT 028-004 DATE							
_	SCAL NO	.e TED		RAW ESC			
	ESIGN JWJ		N	HECK			
M	* LIGENSED X	ROFE	SAAL	1012 auel	15/23		
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	SHEE	1		OF 15			



- 18. BELOW GRADE AREAS AND VOIDS RESULTING FROM DEMOLITION OF STRUCTURES AND FOUNDATIONS SHALL BE FILLED WITH SOIL MATERIALS CONSISTING OF STONE, GRAVEL, AND SAND, FREE FROM DEBRIS. TRASH, FROZEN MATERIALS, ROOTS, AND OTHER ORGANIC MATTER. STONES LARGER THAN SIX (6) INCHES IN DIMENSION SHALL NOT BE USED. DEMOLITION MATERIALS MAY NOT BE USED AS FILL. AREAS TO BE FILLED SHALL BE FREE STANDING WATER, FROST, FROZEN MATERIAL, TRASH, AND DEBRIS PRIOR TO FILLING. FILL MATERIALS SHALL BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL LAYERS NOT EXCEEDING SIX (6) INCHES IN LOOSE DEPTH, AND EACH COMPACTED TO 95% OPTIMUM DRY DENSITY. THE SURFACE SHALL BE GRADED TO MEET ADJACENT CONTOURS AND TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE SURFACE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM FILL AREA.

SHEET

OF



SHEET

OF





- Mueller H-10310N for 1 ½ and 2 inch sizes.



# BUILDING SURROUND CONCRETE SLAB

- IN ACCORDANCE WITH NYSDOT SPECIFICATIONS.
- 1. ALL PAVEMENT MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION SHALL BE

# 10"x10"x1/2 THK. MS PLATE -WELDED TO POST W/ $\frac{1}{4}$ " FILLET WELDS AND CONNECTED TO SLAB W/4 $\frac{3}{4}$ "x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Ig DRILLED INSERT BOLTS. (OR SIMILAR APPROVED) GRADE GRAVEL OR HARDSCAPE SURFACE CONC. SLAB -

# ACCESSIBLE PARKING STALL STRIPING N.T.S.

- WITH THE LATEST NEW YORK ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS. 4. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE THAT GRADES WITHIN ACCESSIBLE SPACES DO NOT EXCEED 1.8% AT
- AND WHITE PAVEMENT STRIPE SHALL BE PAINTED. 3. ALL PAVEMENT STRIPING, MARKINGS AND SIGNAGE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE
- 1. PAVEMENT STRIPING FOR ALL ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACES SHALL BE PAINTED AZURE BLUE. 2. WHERE AN ACCESSIBLE PARKING STALL MEETS A STANDARD PARKING STALL, AN AZURE BLUE



# TYPICAL PARKING SPACE DETAIL

N.T.S.







SCOPE: Supply one complete H-20 GP Pre-Fab Lift Station, per design. Pumps shall be capable of grinding and pumping domestic & commercial sewage. Complete system shall be supplied by: RILEY & Company, Inc. Sanford, FL 32773 (Ph. 407-265-9963) NO SUBSTITUTIONS – NO ALTERNATES FIBERGLASS WETWELL MUST BE WARRANTED FOR A MINIMUM OF 20 YEARS. The H-20 Load Rated Fiberglass Wetwell Must Be Manufactured By L.F. Manufacturing, Giddings, Texas, Which Includes A Written 20 Yr. Warranty Certification of the wetwell H-20 load rating must be supplied with submittals. H-20 certification must be signed and sealed by an engineer registered in the State of Florida. After the H-20 load rated wetwell has been installed, the ASTM Certification Number and Serial Tracking Number must be visible. PUMPS: Submersible grinder pumps shall be RILEY Model RC175. The pumps shall be installed in the H-20 GP FRP wetwell utilizing a dual slide rail system. The grinder unit shall be capable of macerating materials normally found in domestic and commercial sewage into a fine slurry which will pass through the pump and the Sch.80 PVC discharge piping. Stator winding shall be open type with Class F insulation and shall be heatshrink fitted into the stator housing. The use of pins, bolts, or other fastening devices is not acceptable. A heat sensor thermostat shall be attached to the top end of the motor winding and shall be connected in series with the magnetic contactor coil in the control panel to stop motor if winding temperature exceeds 140 C., but shall automatically reset when the winding temperature returns to normal. Two heat sensor thermostats shall be used on three phase motors. The pump motor grinder shaft shall be AISI 430F SS threaded to take the pump impeller and the grinder impeller. Upper & lower mechanical seals shall be Silicon Carbide vs Silicon Carbide. DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL: To insure complete unit and warranty responsibility the electrical control panel must be manufactured and built by the pump supplier. The pump supplier must be a TUV (UL508A CERTIFIED) manufacturing facility, with a minuimum of 5 years history in the manufacturing of electrical control panels.

The Enclosure shall be NEMA 4X, minimum 30" high x 30" wide x 10" deep fiberglass with pad lockable draw latches.

The enclosure shall have external mounting feet to allow for wall mounting. The following components shall be mounted through the enclosure: 1- ea. Red Alarm Beacon (Light)

1- ea. Alarm Horn

1- ea. Generator Receptacle w/ weatherproof cover

1- ea. Alarm Silence Pushbutton

The back panel shall be fabricated from .125, 5052-H32 marine alloy aluminum. All components shall be mounted by machined stainless steel screws.

The following components shall be mounted to back panel:

2- ea. Motor Contactors 1- ea. Volt Monitor (Single Phase) Phase Monitor (Three Phase)

1- ea. Control Transformer (480 Volt Only)

- 1- ea. Lightning Arrestor
- 1- ea. Silence Relay

1- ea. Duplex Alternator

1- ea. Model RCBB5AH Battery Back-Up w/ Smart Charger

20- ea. Terminals For Field Connections 6- ea. Terminals For Motor Connections (Single Phase Only)

3- ea. Grounding Lugs

The inner door shall be fabricated from .080, 5052-H32 marine alloy aluminum. The inner door shall have a continuous aluminum piano hinge.

The following components shall be mounted through the inner door: 1- ea. Main Circuit Breaker

- 1- ea. Emergency Circuit Breaker
- 1- ea. Mechanical Interlock For Emergency And Main Breakers
- 2- ea. Short Circuit Protectors
- 1- ea. Control Circuit Breaker
- 2- ea. Seal Failure Indicator Lights
- 1- ea. Hand-Off-Auto Selector Switches 2- ea. Pump Run Pilot Lights
- 1- ea. Power On Pilot Light
- 2- ea. Elapse Time Meters (Non-Resetable)
- 1- ea. GFI Duplex Convenience Outlet

COMPONENT SPECIFICATIONS: All circuit breakers shall be molded thermal magnetic The mechanical interlock shall prevent the normal and emergency main breakers being energized at the same time.

An emergency generator receptacle shall be supplied in accordance with DEP standards. The generator receptacle shall be adequately sized to meet the equipment operating conditions.

# NEUTRAL TO BE SUPPLIED FOR BOTH 230V 3PHASE OR 230V SINGLE PHASE POWER

All motor short circuit protection devices must provide for under voltage release and class 10 overload protection on all three phases. Visible trip indication, test, and reset capability must be provided without opening inner door. Open frame, across the line, contactors shall be rated per IEC standards and properly sized per the motor requirements. Contactors shall provide for safe touch power and control terminals.

Lightning Arrestor shall meet or exceed the requirements of ANSI/IEEE Std. C62.21-1984 section 8.6.1. and 8.7.3 shall be supplied by electrician and mounted on the bottom side of the switch disconnect ahead of the pump control panel. A voltage monitor shall be supplied for single phase service. A phase monitor shall be supplied for (3) phase service. A green pilot light shall be supplied for each motor. The pilot light shall illuminate each time the motor is called to run. Each pump shall have an Elapse Time Meter to record the accumulated run time. The ETM shall be 2" diameter. non-resettable, six digit, totally encapsulated unit. A Red pilot light shall be supplied for control power. The pilot light shall illuminate when the control power is available inside the control panel.

Relays shall be ice-cube plug in type. Relay contacts shall be rated 10 amp minimum, DPDT. Twenty (20) terminals shall be supplied for field connections.

The terminals shall be rated 25 amps minimum. Each motors over-temperature contact shall be connected to the terminal strip and shall open a contact to de-energize the appropriate motor upon a high temperature within the motor. A 15 Amp GFI duplex receptacle shall be supplied and mounted on the innerdoor.

Ground lugs shall be supplied and appropriately sized for each motor and for service entrance. Nameplates for the inner door and back panel shall be of a graphic design, specifically depicting the intent for each device.

MISCELLANEOUS: All wiring on the back panel shall be contained within the wiring duct. All wiring between the inner door and the back panel shall be contained with in a plastic spiral wrap. Each wire shall have a wire number at each end to correspond to the as built drawing for field troubleshooting. The control panel must be manufactured in-house by lift station supplier and be a TUV (UL508A Certified) facility.

PUMP DATA	
PRIMARY PUMP CAPACITY	98 GPN
PRIMARY TDH	5'
PUMP MANUFACTURER	LIBERTY PUI
PUMP MODEL #	LGV032
R.P.M.	3450
HORSEPOWER	3
ELECTRICAL/ VOLTS / PHASE	230V/3P
PUMP DISCHARGE SIZE	4"
IMPELLER SIZE	4.5"

# \* ELECTRICIAN NOTES:

- 1. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
- \* 2. ALL ELECTRICAL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL CODES
- **\* 3. ELECTRICIAN SHALL SEAL OFF CONDUIT RUNS**
- \* 6. NEUTRAL TO BE SUPPLIED FOR 230V-3 PHASE OR 230V-SINGLE PHASE POWER.

RILEY & CO. / H-20 GP 02-06-18



##



# DRIVEWAY NOTES:

- 1. A TYPE 2 DRIVEWAY IS PROPOSED.
- 2. WIDTH OF THE PROPOSED DRIVEWAY IS 40' AS REQUIRED BY THE PROPOSED USE OF THE PROPERTY. 3. SLOPE OF THE DRIVEWAY WITHIN THE STATE RIGHT-OF-WAY
- IS 4.30%.
- 4. DRIVEWAY MATERIAL FOR THE SECTION WITHIN THE PAVEMENT LENGTH LISTED ON THESE PLANS CAN BE FOUND IN THE PAVEMENT DETAIL ON THIS SHEET.
- 5. THE PAVEMENT LENGTH FOR THIS DRIVEWAY IS A MINIMUM OF 30' AS MEASURED FROM THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF THE TRAVEL LANE.
- 6. THIS DEVELOPMENT DOES NOT PROPOSE SIDEWALK. 7. THE PROPOSED RADII IS 33' FOR BOTH SIDES OF THE
- DRIVEWAY. 8. THE DRIVEWAY OPENING IS 52.76'.



# NOTES:

- 1. SEE SPECIAL NOTES ENTITLED "OWNER REQUIREMENTS FOR WATER MAINS AND APPURTENANCES" FOR INFORMATION ON ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ELEVATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES TO ENSURE ADEQUATE CLEARANCE FOR THE WATER LINE EXISTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER (IN WATING) OF CONFLICTING ELEVATIONS, ALLOWING THE ENGINEER ADEQUATE TIME TO REVISE GRADES WITHOUT NECESSITATING REMOVAL AND RECONSTRUCTION OF WORK ALREADY COMPLETED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 3. DETAILS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ARE BASED UPON TYPE 4 LAYING CONDITION DESCRIBED IN AWWA STANDARD CGOO. SELECT GRANULAR FILL AND SAND BACKFILL ARE ASSUMED TO HAVE A FRICTION ANGLE OF 30° AND A UNIT WEIGHT OF 90 LBS./CUBIC FEET.
- 4. THE TOP PAYMENT LINE FOR TRENCH EXCAVATION SHALL BE PER SECTION 206.
- 5. BEDDING BELOW THE PIPE INVERT SHALL BE REQUIRED ONLY WHEN NOTED IN THE OWNER REQUIREMENTS OR WHEN ROCK OR UNSTABLE OR UNSUITABLE CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED.
- 6. IF UNSTABLE OR UNSUITABLE SOIL CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED NEAR THE INVERT ELEVATION, A MINIMUM OF 1' AND A MAXIMUM OF 2' OF MATERIAL SHALL BE EXCAVATED A.D.B.E. AND REPLACED WITH SELECT GRANULAR FILL. ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR MATERIAL PLACED TO TREAT UNSTABLE OR UNSUITABLE CONDITIONS.
- 7. NEW WATER MAINS INSTALLED PARALLEL TO STORM AND/OR SANITARY SEWER CONDUITS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 10' HORIZONTAL SEPARATION (MEASURED EDGE OF PIPE TO EDGE OF PIPE) WHENEVER POSSIBLE. WHEN 10' HORIZONTAL SEPARATION CANNOT BE MAINTAINED A VERTICAL SEPARATION OF AT LEAST 1'-6" BETWEEN BOTTOM OF WATER MAIN AND TOP OF SEWER PIPE SHALL BE MAINTAINED. IF NEITHER SEPARATION CAN BE MAINTAINED, THE WATER AND SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT PLANS AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE HEALTH AGENCY.
- BACKFILL SHALL BE INSTALLED AND COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF §203-3.15.
- 9. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL WATER SUPPLY RELATED CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING BACKFILL, HYDROSTATIC TESTING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA STANDARD CGOO WITH THE MAINS THOROUGHLY FLUSHED PRIOR TO TESTING. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE SYSTEM SHALL BE SUBJECTED TO A PRESSURE/LEAKAGE TEST WITH WATER UNDER A MINIMUM HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE OF 150 PSI FOR A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) HOURS.
- 10. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL WATER SUPPLY RELATED CONSTRUCTION, ALL MAINS, VALVES, HYDRANTS, AND OTHER APPURTENANCES BUILT UNDER THIS CONTRACT SHALL BE DISINFECTED, FLUSHED, AND TESTED FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL QUALITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA STANDARD C651. THE TABLET METHOD SHALL NOT BUSD FOR CHLORINATION OF SOLVENT WELDED PLASTIC OR SCREWED-JOINT STEEL PIPE DUE TO THE DANGER OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION FROM THE REACTION OF JOINT COMPOUNDS WITH CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE.

		M/	XIMUM JO	INT DEFLECT	LION		ION PAYMENT
		NPS SIZE	PUSH-0	n joints	MJ JOINTS	W	IDTHS
			18' DI	20' DI	18/20 FT.	NPS SIZE	TRENCH WIDTH
		3	5°	5°	8°	3	3'-0"
		4	5°	5°	80	4	3'-0"
		6	5°	5°	70	6	3'-0"
		8	5°	5°	5°	8	3'-6"
		10	5°	5°	5°	10	4'-0"
		12	5°	5°	5°	12	4'-0"
		14	3°	3°	3.5°	14	4'-0"
		16	3°	3°	3.5°	16	4'-0"
		18	30	30	3°	18	4'-0"
	-	20	3°	3°	3°	20	4'-0"
		24	3°	30	2°	24	4'-0"
		30	30	30	N/A	30	4'-6"
		36	3°	30	N/A	36	5'-0"
		42	30	30	N/A	42	5'-6"
		48	N/A	30	N/A	48	6'-0"
		54	N/A	30	N/A	54	6′-6"
		60	N/A	30	N/A	60	7'-0"
E		64	N/A	30	N/A	64	7'-6"
						TE OF NEW It of tran	YORK NSPORTATION
					U.S. CUSTOMARY	STANDARD SI	IEET
	ADDITIONAL SELECT				WATER N INSTALLAT	MAIN PIPE TION DETA	ILS
ON I . Con	n Iditions			APPROVED AUGUST 30, 2013 ISSUED UNDER EB 13-03			UNDER EB 13-038
	ERRATA 1 ISSUED WITH E	EB 18-003		/S/ RICHARD N FOR THE DEPU (DESIGN)	<u>N. LEE, P.E.</u> ITY CHIEF ENGINEER		663-01





	TOP		PERMANENT	г		TEMPORARY			OUTLET	SECTION	
	OF	CONTROL SECTION		CONTROL SECTION		MAX					
BASIN	BERM	WIDTH	INVERT	LINING	WIDTH	INVERT	LINING	SLOPE	W	D	LINING
	ft.	ft.	ft.		ft.	ft.		ft.	ft.	ft.	
В	488.00	35	487.00	C125		SAME		3.00	45	2.0	C125

TASKS		SCHEDULE				
	CATCH BASIN / MANHOLE INLET CASINGS	SWALES / TURF REINFORCED AREAS / PERMANENTLY SEEDED AREAS	ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION	STORM WATER DETENTION POND		
NSPECT FOR SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION		x	х	x	ANNUALLY	
REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION		x	х	x	EVERY 2 YEARS AS NEEDED	
NSPECT FOR DEBRIS	T FOR DEBRIS X X X X X		x	ANNUALLY		
NSPECT FOR EROSION		x	х	x	ANNUALLY	
RE-ESTABLISH PERMANENT VEGETATION ON ERODED SLOPES		x		x	AS NEEDED	
REPLACEMENT OF STONE			х	x	AS NEEDED	
AOWING	S X X AEST REQU (TYPI WEEL		AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN AESTHETIC REQUIREMENTS (TYPICALLY 1 ONCE PER WEEK DURING GROWING SEASON)			
NUISANCE CONTROL - ADDRESS ODOR, INSECTS & OVERGROWTH ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH STAGNANT WATER	x			x	AS NEEDED WHEN FOUND IN ANNUAL INSPECTIONS OR IN THE EVENT OF A COMPLAINT	

THE PROPERTY OWNER WILL BE THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR THE ABOVE LISTED POST CONSTRUCTION



PROJECT 028-004

DATE 06/17/2022

DESIGNED CHECKED

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New York State Standards and Specifications For Erosion and Sediment Control

Figure 4.11 Landgrading - Construction Specifications





New York State Standards and Specifications For Erosion and Sediment Control



New York State Standards and Specifications For Erosion and Sediment Control

Figure 3.1 **Stone Check Dam Detail** 

Figure 5.2 **Compost Filter Sock** 

Figure 3.18 **Riprap Outlet Protection Detail (1)** 



New York State Standards and Specifications For Erosion and Sediment Control

November 2016



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MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION:

1. THE SITE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REGULAR INSPECTIONS, MAINTENANCE, AND REPAIR AND STABILIZATION OF THE PROPOSED AND NEEDED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs DURING CONSTRUCTION.

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- 2. INSPECT BMPs AT A MINIMUM AFTER ANY RAINFALL EVENT
- 3. REPAIR AND STABILIZE ERODED AREAS.
- 4. REPAIR AND STABILIZE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WHEN NEEDED.





	GN SIZES*	BLE 310-05: REQUIRED	TA
	FREEWAY	NON-FREE WAY	SIGN
CLOSURE TYPE	48×24	36×18	G20-1
	48×24	36×18	G20-2
	36×30	24×18	<b>₩</b> 7-3o
	48×48	36×36	<b>₩8-23</b>
LANE CLOSURE (	48×48	36×36	<b>W20-1</b>
ENCROACHMENT	18×18	18×18	WARNING FLAG
		SIZES MAY BE USED ON NON CONSTRAINTS DO NOT EX	*FREEWAY

SHOULDER CLOSE OR ENCROACHME LEGEND ACCORDINGLY

TMIA: TMIA REQUIRED

TABLE 310-02: ROLL AHEAD DISTANCE				
ROLL AHEAD DISTANCE (FT.)/= OF SKIP LINES FOR VEHICLES				
PRECONSTRUCTION	STATIONARY OPERATION			
POSTED SPEED LIMIT (MPH)	MIN	MAX		
≥ 55	120/3	200/5		
45 - 50	80/2	160/4		
<b>≤ 4</b> 0	40/1	120/3		

TABLE 310-04: LONGITUDINAL BUFFER SPACE AND TAPER LENGTHS							
PRECONSTRUCTION POSTED SPEED LIMIT (MPH)	LONGITUDINAL BUFFER SPACE	TAPER LENGTH: L (FT.)/ = OF SKIP LINES/ = OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES FOR LANE WIDTH IN FT. (LATERAL SHIFT OF TRAFFIC FLOW PATH)			SHOULDER TAPER LENGTH: L/3 (FT,)/ = OF SKIP LINES/ = OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES		
	DISTANCE (FT.)/ • OF SKIP LINES				F	or shoulder wid	TH
		10	11	12	≤4 FT.	5 - 7 FT.	≥8 FT.
25	155/4	120/3/4	120/3/4	120/3/4	40/1/2	40/1/2	40/1/2
30	200/5	160/4/5	160/4/5	200/5/6	40/1/2	40/1/2	40/1/2
35	250/6	200/5/6	240/6/7	240/6/7	40/1/2	40/1/2	80/2/3
40	305/8	280/7/8	320/8/9	320/8/9	40/1/2	80/2/3	80/2/3
45	360/9	440/11/12	520/13/14	560/14/15	80/2/3	80/2/3	120/3/4
50	425/11	520/13/14	560/14/15	600/15/16	80/2/3	120/3/4	160/4/5
55	495/13	560/14/15	600/15/16	680/17/18	80/2/3	120/3/4	160/4/5

	NEW YORK STATE OF OPPORTUNITY.	Department of Transportation	
	U.S. CUSTOMARY STANDARD SHEET		
	WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL NON-FREEWAY SHOULDER CLOSURE SHORT TERM OPERATION		
	APPROVED DECEMBER 2, 2021	ISSUED UNDER EI 21-028	
ERRATA 1 EFF. 01/01/23 ISSUED WITH EB 22-050	Robert Limoges ROBERT LIMOGES, P.E. DIRECTOR, OTSM	619-310	

	TABLE 310-01: PROTECTIVE VEHICLE REQUIREMENTS						
PE		NON-FREE WAY					
	ROAD TYPE & SPEED	≥45 MPH 35 - 40 MPH		≤ 30 MPH			
	EXPOSURE CONDITIONS <sup>1</sup>						
: Or Nt	WORKERS ON FOOT OR VEHICLE EXPOSED TO TRAFFIC	P, TMIA	P, TMIA	Ρ			
	OTHER HAZARDS NO WORKERS EXPOSED	P, TMIA	Ρ	SEE NOTE 2			
SURE . Aent	WORKERS ON FOOT OR VEHICLE EXPOSED TO TRAFFIC	P, TMIA	Р	Р			
	OTHER HAZARDS NO WORKERS EXPOSED	P, TMIA	Р	SEE NOTE 2			

P: PROTECTIVE VEHICLE REQUIRED FOR EACH CLOSED LANE & EACH CLOSED PAVED SHOULDER 8' OR WIDER, IF THE WORK SPACE MOVES WITHIN THE STATIONARY CLOSURE, THE PROTECTIVE VEHICLE SHALL BE REPOSITIONED

NOTES: 1. THE EXPOSURE CONDITIONS ASSUME THERE IS NO POSITIVE PROTECTION PRESENT 2. EITHER A PROTECTIVE VEHICLE OR THE STANDARD BUFFER SPACE SHALL BE PROVIDED

TABLE 310-03: ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING						
DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS SIGN				LEGEND		
ROAD TYPE	A (FT,)	B (FT_)	XX	YY		
URBAN (≤ 30 MPH+)	100	100	AHEAD	AHE AD		
URBAN (35-40 MPH+)	200	200	AHEAD	AHE AD		
URBAN (≥45 MPH*)	350	350	1000 FT.	AHE AD		
RURAL	500	500	1500 FT.	1000 FT.		
PRECONSTRUCTION POSTED SPEED LIMIT						

GENERAL NOTES	LANE
1. THE TYPICAL DETAILS DEPICTED ON THE STANDARD SHEETS AND IN THE MUTCD, REFLECT THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.	L <i>i</i>
2. PROPOSED REVISIONS TO THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE PROVIDED, IN WRITING, TO THE DOT ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR OR HIS/HER DESIGNEE FIVE (5) WORK DAYS PRIOR TO THE PLANNED IMPLEMENTATION OF SUCH PROPOSED REVISIONS, EXCEPT FOR CHANGES THAT ALTER THE SCOPE OF THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN. SUCH CHANGES IN SCOPE MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL BY THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR OR HIS/HER DESIGNEE THIRTY (30) WORK DAYS PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION OF SUCH REVISIONS.	IN EX IN 3. IF
3. THE NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TELEPHONE NUMBERS OF STAFF WHO ARE AUTHORIZED TO SECURE LABOR, MATERIALS, AND EQUIPMENT FOR EMERGENCY REPAIRS OUTSIDE NORMAL WORKING HOURS SHALL BE PROVIDED, IN WRITING, TO THE NYSDOT ENGINEER. THE ENGINEER WILL PROVIDE THE SUBMITTED INFORMATION TO REGIONAL MANAGEMENT, THE NEW YORK STATE POLICE, THE RESIDENT ENGINEER, AND THE LOCAL POLICE.	FI 4. TI UI PROTE
4. STANDARD SHEET 619-503 MAY BE USED FOR AN OFFSITE DETOUR SETUP FOR BOTH LONG TERM AND SHORT TERM WORK DURATIONS.	1. PI W
<ol> <li>REGIONAL HIGH-VOLUME RESTRICTIONS SHALL BE FOLLOWED. CONSULT WITH DOT ENGINEER IF EXCEPTION NEEDED.</li> </ol>	GI
<ol> <li>PLAN AHEAD TO AVOID CONFLICTING WORK ZONES. CHECK FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, CLOSURES, &amp; RESTRICTIONS AT WWW.511NY.ORG, WWW.DOT.NY.GOV/PROJECTS, AND WITH NYSDOT ENGINEER.</li> </ol>	GI 2. IF EI
7. WORK ZONE INCIDENTS SHALL BE DOCUMENTED AND REPORTED USING EITHER THE DEPARTMENT'S WORK ZONE INCIDENT FORM, OR THE CONSTRUCTION INCIDENT REPORTING SYSTEM, AS APPROPRIATE.	E( T/ UI EI M
8. CONSIDER CLOSURE WIDTH AND THE ABILITY TO ACCOMMODATE WIDE LOAD VEHICLES BEFORE ESTABLISHING WORK ZONES.	1)
9. IF THE WORK ZONE AFFECTS AN EXISTING ACCESSIBLE AND DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN FACILITY, ACCESSIBILITY AND DETECTABILITY SHALL BE PROVIDED ALONG THE ALTERNATE ROUTE.	R/ TI VI M
	3. W A
1. A 500' MINIMUM LONGITUDINAL DISTANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS ON ALTERNATE SIDES OF THE ROADWAY, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.	4. W A
2. WHEN TWO OR MORE AREAS ARE ADJACENT, OVERLAP, OR ARE IN CLOSE PROXIMITY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THERE ARE NO CONFLICTING SIGNS AND THAT LANE CONTINUITY IS MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT ALL WORK AREAS.	V 5. W 0 V
SIGNS	Ó M
1. THE LOCATIONS OF THE SIGNS SHOWN ON THE WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS AND DETAILS MAY BE ADJUSTED BASED ON SIGHT DISTANCE AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS. THE FINAL LOCATIONS OF SIGNS ARE SUBJECT TO APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.	6. IN T B
2. FOR LONG TERM WORK DURATIONS, ANY EXISTING SIGNS, INCLUDING OVERHEAD SIGNS, WHICH CONFLICT WITH THE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGN LAYOUT SHALL BE COVERED, REMOVED, STORED OR RESET, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL APPROPRIATE EXISTING SIGNS SHALL BE RESTORED TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION AND/OR LOCATION UNLESS OTHERWISE REPLACED IN THIS CONTRACT.	W T T C
3. SIGNS AT OR NEAR INTERSECTIONS SHALL BE PLACED SO THAT THEY DO NOT OBSTRUCT A MOTORIST'S LINE OF SIGHT.	7. II T U
4. SIGNS MOUNTED ON THE MEDIAN OF DIVIDED HIGHWAYS WHERE MEDIAN BARRIER IS IN PLACE MAY BE MOUNTED ON THE BARRIER WITH A SADDLE TYPE BRACKET OR OMITTED WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE DOT ENGINEER. LAYING THE SIGN DOWN IN A HORIZONTAL POSITION IS NOT PERMITTED.	P (/ S 8. N
5. THE DIMENSIONS OF WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS ARE DESCRIBED IN THE MUTCD. ANY CHANGES TO THE DIMENSIONS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR OR BY HIS/HER DESIGNEE.	9. D V
6. NYR9-12 SHALL BE USED IN PLACE OF NYR9-11 WHEN A REDUCED REGULATORY SPEED LIMIT SIGN IS AUTHORIZED.	WORK
7. RIGID AND FLEXIBLE "ROLL-UP" SIGNS MAY BE USED FOR MOBILE, SHORT DURATION AND SHORT-TERM STATIONARY WORK. RIGID SIGNS MUST BE MOUNTED AT LEAST 5 FEET ABOVE GRADE (7 FEET WHERE THERE ARE PEDESTRIANS OR PARKED CARS). FLEXIBLE SIGNS SHALL BE MOUNTED AT LEAST ONE FOOT ABOVE GRADE. MESH SIGNS SHALL NOT BE USED. USE RETRO REFLECTORIZED RIGID SIGNS FOR NIGHTTIME WORK.	1.
CHANNELIZING DEVICES	
<ol> <li>WHERE POSSIBLE ALL CHANNELIZING AND GUIDING DEVICES ARE TO BE PLACED SO AS TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2' LATERAL CLEARANCE TO THE TRAVELED WAY.</li> <li>PUBLIC ACCESS</li> </ol>	
1. PROPERTY OWNERS WHOSE DRIVEWAYS WILL BE MADE INACCESSIBLE SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT LEAST 24 HOURS PRIOR TO RESTRICTING USE OF THE DRIVEWAY. FOR MULTIPLE ACCESS PROPERTIES, AT LEAST ONE DRIVEWAY SHALL BE OPEN AT ALL TIMES. ACCESS SHALL BE RESTORED TO ALL DRIVEWAYS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.	
2. SUITABLE RAMPS SHALL BE INSTALLED TO MAINTAIN SMOOTH TRANSITIONS FROM RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAYS TO AND FROM THE WORK AREA.	
LANE CLOSURES	2.
1. LANE CLOSURES SHALL BE LOCATED TO PROVIDE OPTIMUM VISIBILITY, I.E. BEFORE CURVES AND CRESTS, TO THE EXTENT CONDITIONS PERMIT.	
2. THE ENGINEER MAY REQUIRE THAT ALL LANES BE RE-OPENED AT ANY TIME IF THE ROUTE IS NEEDED FOR EMERGENCY PURPOSES. THIS COULD INCLUDE INCIDENTS AT LOCATIONS OUTSIDE THE CONTRACT LIMITS.	
3. EACH ARROW PANEL SHALL BE VISIBLE 1500 FEET IN ADVANCE FROM ANY POINT WITHIN THE ROADWAY.	

128 11 11 11 FILE NAME DATE/TIME USER

# WIDTHS

- NLESS AUTHORIZED BY THE ENGINEER, THE MINIMUM LANE WIDTHS FOR WORK ZONE TRAVEL ANES SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: FREEWAYS AND/OR EXPRESSWAYS IS 11'. THE MINIMUM ANE WIDTH FOR ALL OTHER TYPES OF ROADWAYS IS 10'.
- WRITTEN NOTE SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER, A MINIMUM OF 21 CALENDAR DAYS ADVANCE OF PERFORMING ANY WORK THAT RESULTS IN THE REDUCED WIDTH OF AN XISTING ROADWAY, SO THAT THE ENGINEER MAY NOTIFY THE REGIONAL PERMIT ENGINEER A TIMELY MANNER.
- THE WORK ZONE AFFECTS PEDESTRIANS, A MINIMUM PEDESTRIAN PATHWAY WIDTH OF 5 EET SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED BY THE ENGINEER.
- EMPORARY BICYCLE ACCOMMODATIONS SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN WHAT CURRENTLY EXISTS NLESS AUTHORIZED BY THE ENGINEER.

CTIVE VEHICLES

- ROTECTIVE VEHICLES ARE DIVIDED INTO 2 CATEGORIES BASED ON THE GROSS VEHICLE EIGHT (GVW): PROTECTIVE VEHICLE LIGHT (PVL) SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GVW OF 9,500 LBS. OR
- REATER. PROTECTIVE VEHICLE HEAVY (PVH) SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GVW OF 22,000 LBS. OR REATER.
- THE PROTECTIVE VEHICLE ENCROACHES INTO THE TRAVEL LANE, OR IF IT REMAINS NTIRELY ON THE SHOULDER OF ANY HIGH SPEED ROAD (≥45 MPH), IT SHALL BE QUIPPED WITH A DEPLOYED TRUCK/TRAILER MOUNTED IMPACT ATTENUATOR (TMIA, SEE ABLE 011-01 ON SHEET 619-011). BALLAST MAY BE USED TO BRING A LIGHTER VEHICLE IP TO THE INDICATED WEIGHT PROVIDED THE BALLAST IS SECURELY CONTAINED WITHIN AN NCLOSED BODY OR OTHERWISE SECURELY FASTENED TO THE VEHICLE PURSUANT TO FEDERAL IOTOR CARRIER SAFETY ADMINISTRATION (FMCSA) CARGO SECUREMENT RULES, SUCH THAT: THE BALLAST WILL NOT SEPARATE FROM THE VEHICLE UPON IMPACT AND THE BALLAST WEIGHT WILL NOT EXCEED THE MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT ATING (GVWR). RUCK/TRAILER MOUNTED IMPACT ATTENUATORS SHALL NOT BE MOUNTED/INSTALLED ON EHICLES WITH A GROSS WEIGHT (GVW) LESS THAN WHAT IS MINIMALLY REQUIRED BY THE ANUFACTURER OF THE TMIA.
- HEN A PROTECTIVE VEHICLE(S) IS USED BETWEEN THE WORK VEHICLE (CREW) OR HAZARD ND THE TRAFFIC IN A MOVING OPERATION IT IS REFERRED TO AS A SHADOW VEHICLE(S).
- HEN A PROTECTIVE VEHICLE(S) IS USED BETWEEN THE WORK VEHICLE (CREW) OR HAZARD ND THE TRAFFIC IN A STATIONARY OPERATION IT IS REFERRED TO AS A BARRIER EHICLE(S).
- HEN A PROTECTIVE VEHICLE IS USED IN ADVANCE OF EITHER MOVING OR STATIONARY PERATIONS TO DISPLAY SIGN MESSAGES IT IS REFERRED TO AS AN ADVANCE WARNING EHICLE. WHEN SIGNS ARE MOUNTED ON AN ADVANCED WARNING VEHICLE. THEY SHALL NOT BSTRUCT VISIBILITY OF ANY LIGHTS (TAILLIGHTS OR WARNING LIGHTS), OR SIDE-VIEW IRRORS ON THE VEHICLE, OR TRUCK MOUNTED ARROW BOARDS.
- A MOVING OPERATION OR A STATIONARY OPERATION THAT OCCUPIES A LOCATION FOR UP O 1 HOUR, THE OPERATOR SHALL REMAIN IN THE PROTECTIVE VEHICLE WITH THE SAFETY ELT AND HEADREST PROPERLY ADJUSTED, MAINTAIN VEHICLE SPACING, AND KEEP THE HEELS ALIGNED WITH THE LANE STRIPING AND LANE TO MAINTAIN LANE DISCIPLINE AND O STAY IN LANE IF STRUCK. THE PARKING BRAKE SHALL BE SET WHENEVER POSSIBLE. WO-WAY RADIOS SHOULD BE USED TO COMMUNICATE BETWEEN THE OPERATOR AND THE WORK REW.
- A STATIONARY OPERATION THAT OCCUPIES A LOCATION FOR MORE THAN 1 HOUR. ONCE HE PROTECTIVE VEHICLE HAS BEEN APPROPRIATELY PLACED, IT SHOULD BE UNOCCUPIED. NOCCUPIED VEHICLE SHALL BE POSITIONED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC, PARKING BRAKE SET, LACED IN 2ND GEAR (MANUAL TRANSMISSIONS /ENGINE OFF) OR PARK / NEUTRAL UTOMATIC TRANSMISSIONS). THE FRONT WHEELS SHALL BE ALIGNED WITH THE LANE TRIPING AND LANE TO MAINTAIN LANE DISCIPLINE AND TO STAY IN LANE IF STRUCK.
- IO WORK ACTIVITY, EQUIPMENT, VEHICLES AND/OR MATERIALS SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN HE PROTECTIVE VEHICLE AND THE ACTIVE WORK AREA (ROLL AHEAD DISTANCE).
- IRECT VERBAL COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE PROTECTIVE VEHICLES AND THE WORK EHICLE(S) / EQUIPMENT SHALL BE UTILIZED WHERE AVAILABLE.

DURATION DEFINITIONS

- THERE ARE MAINLY FIVE WORK DURATIONS:
  - A. LONG-TERM IS STATIONARY WORK THAT OCCUPIES A LOCATION MORE THAN 3 CONSECUTIVE DAYS.
  - B. INTERMEDIATE-TERM IS STATIONARY WORK THAT OCCUPIES A LOCATION MORE THAN ONE DAYLIGHT PERIOD UP TO 3 CONSECUTIVE DAYS, OR NIGHTTIME WORK LASTING MORE THAN 1 HOUR.
  - C. SHORT-TERM IS STATIONARY DAYTIME WORK THAT OCCUPIES A LOCATION FOR MORE THAN 1 HOUR WITHIN A SINGLE DAYLIGHT PERIOD.
  - D. SHORT DURATION IS WORK THAT OCCUPIES A LOCATION UP TO 1 HOUR. IT CAN BE PERFORMED DURING THE DAYTIME OR AT NIGHT IN ACCORDANCE WITH NOTES N1 TO N11 NOTES ON NIGHTTIME WORK.
  - E. MOBILE IS WORK THAT MOVES INTERMITTENTLY OR CONTINUOUSLY WHERE THE WORK AT ANY SPECIFIC LOCATION COMPLETES WITHIN 15 MINUTES. IT IS USED FOR VEHICLE BASED OPERATIONS AND DOES NOT INVOLVE WORKERS ON FOOT. IT CAN BE PERFORMED DURING THE DAYTIME OR AT NIGHT IN ACCORDANCE WITH NOTES N1 TO N10 NOTES ON NIGHTTIME WORK.
- SPECIAL OPERATIONS ARE WORK OPERATIONS THAT DO NOT FIT INTO ONE OF THE ABOVE FIVE CATEGORIES. SPECIAL OPERATIONS INCLUDE:
  - A. STOP AND GO OPERATIONS WORK THAT COMPLETES WITHIN 5 MINUTES AND ALLOWS WORKERS ON FOOT.
  - B. OTHER OPERATIONS INCLUDING MOWING, MULCHING/HERBICIDE OPERATIONS. TEMPORARY ROAD/INTERSECTION CLOSURES, ETC.

ROADWAY TYPE DEFINITIONS

- 1. FREEWAY:
  - A. INTERSTATE: INTERREGIONAL HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-VOLUME, DIVIDED FACILITIES WITH COMPLETE CONTROL OF ACCESS.
  - B. PARKWAY: DIVIDED HIGHWAYS FOR NON-COMMERCIAL TRAFFIC WITH FULL CONTROL OF ACCESS, GRADE PARKWAY SEPARATIONS, INTERCHANGES, AND OCCASIONAL AT-GRADE INTERSECTIONS. PARKWAYS ARE DESIGNATED BY LAW.
- 2. EXPRESSWAY: DIVIDED HIGHWAYS FOR THROUGH TRAFFIC WITH FULL OR PARTIAL CONTROL OF ACCESS AND GENERALLY WITH GRADE SEPARATIONS AT MAJOR CROSSROADS. ALL FREEWAY STANDARD SHEETS ARE APPLICABLE TO EXPRESSWAY.
- 3. NON-FREEWAY:
  - A. MULTILANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY
  - B. MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY
  - C. TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY
- ALL NON-FREEWAYS CAN BE EITHER URBAN OR RURAL:
- URBAN: (MEETS MORE THAN 1 OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA) \*HIGH DENSITY DEVELOPMENT
  - **\*ON-STREET PARKING \*VARIED BUILDING SETBACKS**
  - \*MULTI-STORY AND LOW-TO MEDIUM-RISE STRUCTURES FOR RESIDENTIAL \*COMMERCIAL, AND EDUCATIONAL USES, STRUCTURES THAT ACCOMMODATE MIXED
  - USES: COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL, AND PARKING \*LIGHT INDUSTRIAL, AND SOMETIMES HEAVY INDUSTRIAL, LAND USE
  - \*PROMINENT DESTINATIONS WITH SPECIALIZED STRUCTURES, E.G., LARGE THEATERS, SPORTS FACILITIES OR CONFERENCE CENTERS
  - \*HIGH LEVELS OF PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLIST ACTIVITY, WITH NEARLY CONTINUOUS
  - SIDEWALKS AND MARKED CROSSWALKS \*HIGHER DENSITY OF TRANSIT STOPS AND ROUTES
  - **\***MINOR COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAY DENSITIES OF 10 DRIVEWAYS/MILE OR GREATER \*MAJOR COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAYS
- \*HIGH DENSITY OF CROSS STREETS RURAL: DOES NOT MEET MORE THAN ONE OF THE ABOVE CRITERIA.
- NOTES FOR NIGHTTIME OPERATIONS:
- N1. WORK OCCURRING AFTER SUNSET AND BEFORE SUNRISE WILL BE CONSIDERED NIGHTTIME OPERATIONS.
- N2. ALL SIGNS, STOP/SLOW PADDLES AND RED FLAGS USED TO WARN/ALERT/CONTROL TRAFFIC SHALL BE RETROREFLECTIVE.
- N3. ALL WORKERS INVOLVED SHALL WEAR PROTECTIVE HELMETS AND NIGHTTIME APPAREL IN ACCORDANCE WITH §107-05A. HIGH VISIBILITY APPAREL AT ALL TIMES.
- N4. VEHICLES OPERATING ON THE PAVEMENT OF A CLOSED ROADWAY OR TRAVEL LANE SHALL DISPLAY ROTATING AMBER BEACONS OR FLASHING LED BEACONS AT ALL TIMES.
- N5. LEVEL I ILLUMINATION SHALL BE PROVIDED NEAR THE BEGINNING OF LANE CLOSURE TAPERS AND AT ROAD CLOSURES, INCLUDING THE SETUP AND REMOVAL OF THE CLOSURE TAPERS.
- N6. LEVEL II ILLUMINATION SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR FLAGGING STATIONS. ASPHALT PAVING. MILLING. AND CONCRETE PLACEMENT AND/OR REMOVAL OPERATIONS, INCLUDING BRIDGE DECKS, 50 FEET AHEAD OF AND 100 FEET BEHIND A PAVING OR MILLING MACHINE.
- N7. LEVEL III ILLUMINATION SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR PAVEMENT OR STRUCTURAL CRACK FILLING, JOINT REPAIR, PAVEMENT PATCHING AND REPAIRS, INSTALLATION OF SIGNAL EQUIPMENT OR OTHER ELECTRICAL/MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT, AND OTHER TASKS INVOLVING FINE DETAILS OR INTRICATE PARTS AND EQUIPMENT.
- N8. ALL LIGHTING SHALL BE DESIGNED, INSTALLED, AND OPERATED TO AVOID GLARE THAT AFFECTS TRAFFIC ON THE ROADWAY OR THAT CAUSES ANNOYANCE OR DISCOMFORT FOR RESIDENCES ADJOINING THE ROADWAY.
- N9. PRIOR TO THE START OF NIGHTTIME OPERATIONS, A WRITTEN NIGHTTIME OPERATIONS AND LIGHTING PLAN IS REQUIRED FOR APPROVAL FROM THE DOT ENGINEER.
- N10. SEE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS §619 FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS. REFER TO SECTION 619-3.19B FOR BALLOON LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS.
- N11. FLAGGERS SHALL USE A FLASHLIGHT WITH RED GLOW CONE/RED LED BATON FOR FLAGGING IN NON-ILLUMINATED FLAGGER STATIONS DURING NIGHTTIME OPERATIONS.

**\*DRIVEWAY DENSITIES GREATER THAN 25 DRIVEWAYS/MILE ON EACH SIDE OF THE** 

NEW YORK STATE OF OPPORTUNITY.	Department of Transportation			
U.S. CUSTOMARY STANDARD SHEET				
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL GENERAL NOTES				
APPROVED DECEMBER 21, 2022	ISSUED UNDER EI 22-033			
Robert Limoges ROBERT LIMOGES, P.E. DIRECTOR, OTSM	619-010			

ERRATA 1 EFF. 05/01/2023 ISSUED WITH EB 22-033






Inder ENGINEERING LLC

102 FARNSWORTH AVENUE, SUITE 310 BORDENTOWN, NJ 08505 (609) 496-9369

February 15, 2022

Town of Newburgh Planning Board 21 Hudson Valley Professional Plaza Newburgh, NY 12550

> Re: Site Plan for Moffat Properties (aka Sunbelt Rentals), 226 Route 17k, Town of Newburgh, NY Town Project #2022-14 IE# 028-004

Dear Town of Newburgh Planning Board,

On behalf of the applicant, Moffat Properties, Independence Engineering LLC is submitting responses to the review letter by Ms. Karen Arent of Karen Arent Landscape Architect, dated October 28, 2022. The responses by Independence Engineering LLC are listed under each comment in *Bold and Italics* 

The responses by Independence Engineering LLC are listed under each comment in Bold and Italics.

General Comment:

The consultant may want to consider hiring a Landscape Architect to help develop the much more substantial planting needed on this site.

Response: The client has retained the services of Mr. Justin Dates, RLA of Colliers Engineering & Design. The revised landscaping plans have been prepared per local ordinances.

1. It is unclear what will be planted in disturbed areas on site where shrubs are not shown, particularly to avoid the site being taken over by invasive species. Specify seed mixtures and groundcovers to be planted and include installation and required maintenance for successful establishment of these mixes.

Response: General Seeding Notes and General Planting Notes have been added to the landscaping plan. Areas to be seeded are labeled on the plan.

2. Rather than sparsely planted Red Cedars along the road, show street trees, some evergreen trees, and large groupings of shrubs similar to existing buffer plantings along Route 17K in the 35-foot landscape buffer for the length of the property frontage and on both sides of the driveway. Trees can be arranged to allow views into the site. As the deciduous street trees mature, they can be limbed up and allow visibility into the site while softening the façade of the building. Red Cedars are more likely to block views from the road.

Response: Landscaping has been proposed within the 35-foot landscape buffer.

3. Per our previously issued comment, Town of Newburgh Design Guidelines, under Section D, Commercial Area Design, Subsection 1 says the following: Provide natural landscape buffers, in addition to walls, and or fences, to soften the visual impact between parking areas, commercial buildings, street frontages, and adjacent properties. The

HOUSTON

consultant has said they will include stone walls per the Design Guidelines on the plan, though they are shown on this draft of the plan.

Response: A stone wall, in accordance with the requirements, has been added to the 35foot buffer area.

4. Show a thick screening planting of trees and shrubs around the southeast corner of the proposed retention basin to help screen the basin from views from cars driving north on Route 17K. Proposing shrubs and trees in this disturbed area will help keep invasive species from taking over and soften views of parking and the site.

Response: The existing vegetation, in combination with the proposed 35-foot buffer landscaping will screen the basin from traffic.

5. Show a thick planting of tall mixed evergreens such as White Pines and Green Giant Arborvitae at the north corner of the entrance to the site to help screen the site from cars driving south on Route 17K. Possibly American Holly and/or White Spruce depending on the soil composition, pH, etc.

Response: The existing vegetation, in combination with the proposed 35-foot buffer landscaping will screen the site from traffic.

6. Propose at least two more Red Maples on the parking lot side of the basin to shade the parking lot and to soften the building façade.

### Response: A variety of appropriate planting is proposed on the landscaping plans.

7. The skinny single row of shrubs shown on the basin side of the parking lot will be destroyed by snowplows. Show double rows of shrubs minimum and move the shrubs five feet away from the edge of pavement.

Response: A double row of shrubs, a distance from the edge of the pavement, is proposed.

8. On the southwest side of the proposed building, add more Winterberry Hollies, showing them under the tree canopy and spacing them 4-5' on center. Include at least one male Winterberry Holly for each five female Hollies so the shrubs will bear berries.

### Response: The landscaping has been revised to be more appropriate for the site.

9. On the east side of the proposed building consider filling the rest of the planting area between the parking lot and the building with shrubs. At a minimum, show a seed mixture in the bed. If this area is sparsely planted and full of mulch, it will become very weedy.

## Response: Additional shrubs are proposed along the east side within the proposed planting area.

- 10. We would like to reiterate that the consultant mentioned that they were going to transplant the large Cutleaf Maple and Tri-Color Beech which is great. These trees have not been shown in the planting plan at this time. It's not necessary in accordance with code to try to save these trees but they are valuable and could provide interest in the new landscape.
- Response: While the applicant has agreed to relocate these trees, a recent site visit by Mr. Justin Dates shows that these 2 trees are not present on the site currently. As the applicant does not own the property, it is assumed that the owner, a landscaping company, may have sold these trees. A phone conversation between Mr. Dates and Ms. Arent has take place to discuss these trees.

11. Section 172-5 of the new Tree Preservation and Protection Local Law requires a tree survey for the entire site showing location, diameter, and species of all Significant trees on the site, and an identification of all Specimen Trees and Protected Trees. It also requires identification of which Significant Trees and Specimen Trees are to be protected, preserved, or undisturbed, to be removed or disturbed, and exempt from the calculation. Trees which are dead, diseased, or have been damaged must also be identified. We are only asking for this survey to be completed in areas where trees are to be removed and for about 500' into the site along the eastern property line starting at the southeastern corner of the front property line, where we are concerned about screening.

### Response: The landscaping plans show the tree survey.

12. Include the following note regarding soil specification, as plants need proper soil quality to thrive and should not be planted in leftover construction materials:

"Install 6" topsoil compost mix. Scarify or dig all proposed planting areas to a depth of 12"-24"+ or as determined by Landscape Architect.

Topsoil-compost mix shall consist of 85%-90% stockpiled topsoil (if available) and 10%-15% wellrotted compost. Topsoil shall be natural, friable, fertile soil, characteristic of productive soil in the vicinity, reasonably free from stones, clay lumps, roots and other foreign matter, with an acidity level between 5.5 and 7 pH. If stockpiled topsoil is not available, use purchased topsoil in sufficient quantity to complete the requirements as specified. Purchased soil shall meet the following particle size distributions: less than or equal to 15% of gravel (particle size greater than 2.00 mm), 40%-60% of sand (0.05-2 mm), 30%-40% of silt (0.002-0.05 mm), and 10%-20% clay (<0.002mm) and 10-15% well-rotted compost with an acidity level between 5.5 and 7.0 pH. Percentages are by weight. Topsoil and purchased soil shall be subject to approval by Landscape Architect."

Response: A note to this affect has been added to the landscaping plans.

We believe these revisions to adequately address your outstanding concerns about this project. As such, we are providing ten (10) copies of the revised plan for your review and further comments. We look forward to discussing with you at the next meeting.

If you need anything else, or have any questions, please don't hesitate to call me at (267) 664-2528 or via email <u>jjochems@independence.engineering</u>

Sincerely, Independence Engineering

Jan W. Jochems, LD Department Manager

Inder ENGINEERING LLC

102 FARNSWORTH AVENUE, SUITE 310 BORDENTOWN, NJ 08505 (609) 496-9369

February 15, 2022

Town of Newburgh Planning Board 21 Hudson Valley Professional Plaza Newburgh, NY 12550

> Re: Site Plan for Moffat Properties (aka Sunbelt Rentals), 226 Route 17k, Town of Newburgh, NY Town Project #2022-14 IE# 028-004

Dear Town of Newburgh Planning Board,

On behalf of the applicant, Moffat Properties, Independence Engineering LLC is submitting responses to the review letter by Mr. Pat Hines of MHE Engineering, dated October 28, 2022. The responses by Independence Engineering LLC are listed under each comment in *Bold and Italics* 

1. Orange County Planning comments have been received identifying a Local Determination.

RESPONSE: Comment only.

2. A City of Newburgh Flow Acceptance letter will be required. This office will forward a flow request to the city on behalf of the applicant. The applicant should provide a narrative of the proposed hydraulic loading from the site based on NYSDEC standards.

RESPONSE: Sanitary sewer calculations for a pump station have been included with this submission. These calculations include expected flows from the property.

3. A revised SWPPP has been submitted to this office and is being reviewed. Separate comment letter will be provided.

RESPONSE: Comment only.

4. The Stormwater Management Facilities have been located further into the site and the building located further in from NYS Route 17K to address the required 35 ft. buffer from NYS 17K. Karen Arent's office is reviewing the site landscaping.

RESPONSE: Comment only.

5. A Stormwater Facilities Maintenance Agreement will be required. This should be a condition of any approvals issued by the Planning Board.

RESPONSE: Acknowledged.

6. Status of NYSDOT's review of the project should be addressed. All correspondence should be copied to the Planning Board.

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## RESPONSE: Comment only.

7. The existing municipal sanitary sewer line in the Route 17K right-of-way functions as a lowpressure force main in the vicinity of the project. A sanitary sewer pump station will be required to convey effluent into the low-pressure force main. Copies of the As-Built plans have been submitted by the Sewer Department to the applicant's representative.

RESPONSE: The As-built plans have been received and have been utilized in the design of the proposed pump station.

8. Copy of the Town's water and sewer notes are attached to this memo.

RESPONSE: The notes have been added to the utility plan sheet C600.

9. The applicants are requested to reply to each of the County Planning comments on how they can be addressed on the plans.

RESPONSE: Will comply.

10. County Planning identifies that the project will require an FAA review as the project is located in close proximity to the Stewart International Airport.

RESPONSE: A FAA review waiver is being pursued.

11. The project is subject to architectural review by the Planning Board. Future submissions should contain an ARB submission.

RESPONSE: Will comply.

We believe these revisions to adequately address your outstanding concerns about this project. As such, we are providing ten (10) copies of the revised plan for your review and further comments. We look forward to discussing with you at the next meeting.

If you need anything else, or have any questions, please don't hesitate to call me at (267) 664-2528 or via email <u>jjochems@independence.engineering</u>

Sincerely, Independence Engineering

Jan W. Jochems, LD Department Manager

ENGINEERING LLC

102 FARNSWORTH AVENUE, SUITE 310 BORDENTOWN, NJ 08505 (609) 496-9369

February 15, 2022

Town of Newburgh Planning Board 21 Hudson Valley Professional Plaza Newburgh, NY 12550

> Re: Site Plan for Moffat Properties (aka Sunbelt Rentals), 226 Route 17k, Town of Newburgh, NY Town Project #2022-14 IE# 028-004

Dear Town of Newburgh Planning Board,

On behalf of the applicant, Moffat Properties, Independence Engineering LLC is submitting responses to the review letter by Mr. Pat Hines of MHE Engineering, dated November 2, 2022. The responses by Independence Engineering LLC are listed under each comment in *Bold and Italics* 

The responses by Independence Engineering LLC are listed under each comment in Bold and Italics.

1. The SWPPP should be revised to include additional information about endangered animals, cultural resources, and should specify if the wetlands are under NYSDEC or USACOE jurisdiction.

Response: The SWPPP has been revised to include the Natural Environ Constraint Analysis as appendix 9. The above required information can be found in this analysis.

2. If the proposed vehicle wash bay area is not being collected as part of the sanitary sewer and is being discharged as stormwater, this portion of the project will be considered a hotspot by NYSDEC and should be treated as such.

Response: The wash bay is being collected by the sanitary sewer and guided through the oil and water separator device shown on the plans.

3. The SWPPP should be revised to include a description of the WQv and RRv calculations and how they are being met.

Response: Calculations for the WQv and RRv have been included in the SWPPP document.

4. If the site is being considered as a redevelopment project, that should be stated in the SWPPP document.

Response: The SWPPP document has been revised to state that this site is not considered a redevelopment site on page 2.

5. The SWPPP should be revised to include a description of the proposed temporary erosion and sediment controls to be used for the duration of construction as well as the permanent controls to

be implemented post-construction. The SWPPP should also include the total proposed disturbance at the site.

Response: The SWPPP has been revised to address the requirements of this comment by adding sections IV and V to the SWM narrative and SWPPP Document. The total disturbed area is listed on sheet C2000.

6. The SWPPP should include a construction sequence for the proposed work, including a predevelopment meeting with the Town and the contractor to resolve any outstanding questions or concerns prior to ground disturbance.

Response: The SWPPP has been revised to include a construction sequence on sheet C2000.

7. A soil stabilization plan should be included in the SWPPP document or as an appendix to the report.

Response: The site soils and their limitations are shown on sheet C2000.

8. If a pond is to be used as the proposed stormwater practice, it should be specified which type of pond it is, so it can be evaluated against the design standards set forth in the 2015 SWMDM.

Response: The proposed pond is designed as a wet pond, and is labeled as such on the construction plans. The pond is designed to meet design standards listed in the 2015 SWMDM.

9. The proposed pre-treatment technique(s) for the proposed stormwater management practices should be specified in the SWPPP.

Response: Per the NYS Stormwater Management Design Manual a wet pond meets the criteria for Water Quality.

10. The SWPPP should be revised to include a description of the required maintenance for the stormwater management practices and erosion and sediment controls.

Response: The maintenance requirements have been added to the SWM Narrative and SWPPP Document. Maintenance and Inspection Requirements are listed on sheets C2000 and C2100.

11. The SWPPP should be revised to include a description of the proposed pollution prevention controls to be implemented at the site to prevent construction materials and other pollutants from entering the stormwater runoff.

Response: The SWPPP has been revised to include the above required information.

12. The SWPPP should include a description of the pre-development and post-development drainage areas, including area, whether they include proposed development, whether they include existing disturbed development, the typical path of runoff, the stormwater management practices treating them (in post-development conditions), and the design point which they are draining to.

Response: The SWPPP has been revised to include the above required information.

13. The post-development drainage areas include additional drainage area than the pre- development area, it should be specified in the SWPPP where this additional drainage area is coming from.

Response: The overall Pre-Development and Post Development drainage areas are the same at 5.915 acres.

14. The post-development drainage area times of concentration are severely decreasing from the predevelopment, but it appears that no development or change is occurring in these drainage areas, so the time of concentration should remain relatively the same. Review and revise as necessary.

Response: The Stormwater Management Model has been reviewed and revised as needed. The majority of the proposed improvements, including gravel area, are proposed to drain to the proposed wet basin. This reduces the areas of the bypass areas significantly as compared to the original preconstruction drainage areas, and thus also the overall post development times of concentration.

15. The proposed Hydrographs show 3.21 acres entering the proposed pond. The only pond in the 2015 SWMDM that is suitable for a drainage area of under 10 acres to maintain a permanent pool is the Pocket Pond, which is not suitable for hotspot runoff. The practice choice should be reviewed and revised accordingly.

Response: The proposed development proposes a wet pond, as that is the only viable BMP for this particular site.

16. The proposed pond culvert should be placed below the bottom of the permanent pool in the event that the pond needs to be drained.

Response: Due to the discharge elevation to the west it is not possible to lower the outflow culvert. In the event that pond drainage is required a pump and hose will be utilized.

17. Forebay calculations should be included in the SWPPP.

Response: A forebay is not proposed for the wet pond.

18. The SWPPP Appendices should be revised to include Construction Inspection Reports, a filled-out NOI, an sample NOT, an NRCS Soil Report, an MS4 Acceptance Form, Sizing Calculations for the proposed Stormwater Management Practice, Calculations of WQv and RRv.

Response: Construction Inspection Reports, a sample NOT, a soil report, a MS4 acceptance form, and sizing calculations for the basin have all been included in the appendices. The calculations or WQv and RRV are in the narrative section of the report. A filled out NOI is not included as it appears to be an online submission.

19. It appears that there are no proposed practices to provide runoff reduction. This must be addressed for all proposed new impervious areas.

Response: The entire proposed impervious area is collected via a storm sewer system and is diverted into the proposed wet basin. Rate reduction is achieved within the basin.

20. Extraneous layers should be turned off in the pre-development and post-development drainage area plans.

Response: Layers have been turned off to increase plan legibility.

21. As the proposed pond is fenced in, a safety bench is not required, but an aquatic bench shall be implemented to ensure adequate aquatic growth.

Response: An aquatic bench has been included in the pond design.

- 22. The proposed pond should be revised to show a forebay or other acceptable pre-treatment practice on the plans.
- Response: A riprap apron has been added to the basin inflow pipe.
- 23. The pond side slopes down to the aquatic bench should maintain a maximum slope of 3:1 (h:v).

Response: The pond size slopes to the aquatic bench are 3:1

24. The proposed contours appear to terminate at the proposed chain link fence on the east side of the property, this should be reviewed and revised accordingly.

Response: This has been reviewed and revised.

25. A profile detail of the proposed pond should be included in the plans with the outlet structure, and callouts of the elevations of the permanent pool as well as callouts of the water level in the 1-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events

Response: A profile detail has been added to sheet C840.

26. Proposed rip-rap outlet protection should be shown on the erosion and sediment control plan.

Response: Proposed riprap has been added.

27. A detail should be added to the erosion and sediment control details for the proposed inlet protection.

Response: A detail is located on sheet C2100.

We believe these revisions to adequately address your outstanding concerns about this project. As such, we are providing ten (10) copies of the revised plan for your review and further comments. We look forward to discussing with you at the next meeting.

If you need anything else, or have any questions, please don't hesitate to call me at (267) 664-2528 or via email <u>jjochems@independence.engineering</u>

Sincerely, Independence Engineering

Jan W. Jochems, LD Department Manager

## **REFERENCES**:

- EXISTING SITE INFORMATION TAKEN FROM A MAP ENTITLED "SURVEY PREPARED FOR MOFFAT PROPERTIES" PREPARED BY LANC & TULLY ENGINEERING AND SURVEYING, P.C. DATED 5/16/2022, LAST REVISED 12/21/2022.
- PROPOSED SITE DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION TAKEN FROM "FINAL LAND DEVELOPMENT PLAN SET FOR SUNBELT RENTALS NEWBURGH" PREPARED BY INDEPENDENCE ENGINEERING LLC. DATED 6/17/2022, LAST REVISED 12/17/2022.
- 3. TREE IDENTIFICATION & DRIP LINE MEASUREMENTS PERFORMED ON 1/16/2023 & 1/17/2023, BY COLLIERS ENGINEERING & DESIGN.



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NOTE: DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION.



SITE PLANTNG SCHEDULE								
DECIDUOUS TREES AROG	QTY 6	BOTANICAL NAME Acer rubrum 'October Glory'						
QP*	3	Quercus palustris						
EVERGREEN TREES	<u>QTY</u> 6	BOTANICAL NAME Ilex opaca						
PS	10	Pinus strobus						
TG	4	Thuja occidentalis `Green Giant`						
ORNAMENTAL TREES	<u>QTY</u> 1	BOTANICAL NAME Amelanchier laevis						
<u>SHRUBS</u> CB	<u>QTY</u> 13	<u>BOTANICAL NAME</u> Cornus sericea 'Baileyi'						
HPL	11	Hydrangea paniculata 'Limelight'						
IG	43	llex glabra `Shamrock`						
IV	18	llex verticillata						
RG	14	Rhus aromatica `Gro-Low`						
SBAW	19	Spiraea x bumalda 'Anthony Wat						
VDA	34	Viburnum dentatum `Arrowwood'						
GROUND COVERS HO	<u>QTY</u> 70	<u>BOTANICAL NAME</u> Hemerocallis x `Stella de Oro`						
* FALL DIGGING HAZ	ARD							



COMMON NAME October Glory Red Maple	CONT B & B	<u>SIZE</u> 2-2 1/2"	
Pin Oak	B & B	2-2 1/2"	
<u>COMMON NAME</u> American Holly	CONT B & B	<u>SIZE</u> 6-8` Ht.	
White Pine	B & B	6-8` Ht.	
Green Giant Arborvitae	B & B	6-8` Ht.	
COMMON NAME Allegheny Serviceberry	CONT B & B	<u>SIZE</u> 6-7` Ht.	
<u>COMMON NAME</u> Bayley's Red Twig Dogwood	CONT CONT	<u>SIZE</u> 24"-30"	
Limelight Panicle Hydrangea	CONT	24"-30"	
Inkberry	CONT	24"-30"	
Winterberry	CONT	24"-30"	
Gro-Low Fragrant Sumac	CONT	18" - 24"	
Anthony Waterer Bumald Spiraea	CONT	30" - 36"	
Arrowwood Viburnum	CONT	30" - 36"	
<u>COMMON NAME</u> Stella de Oro Daylily	<u>CONT</u> 1 gal		SPACING 24" o.c.



TOTAL: 100% GIVEN ABOVE.

AREA TO BE STABILIZED WITH MULCH AS INDICATED IN NOTE 6.

# **GENERAL SEEDING NOTES:**

1. TEMPORARY SEEDING: REFER TO SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS.

PERMANENT SEEDING SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING MIXTURE OR APPROVED EQUAL: OPTIMUM SEEDING DATES ARE BETWEEN APRIL I AND MAY 31: AND AUGUST 16 AND OCTOBER 15. RF MIX (7-10 LBS./1,000 S.F. MINIMUM) TALL FESCUE, 'STINGRAY' (349

TALL FESCUE, RAPTOR III (33%) HARD FESCUE, 'RIDU' (33%)

RETENTION BASIN SEED MIXTURE - LOW MAINTENANCE ERNMX# ERNMX-126 BY ERNST SEEDS OR APPROVED EQUAL)

SEEDING RATE: 20-40 LBS PER ACRE, OR 0.5 LB/1,000 SO. FT. WITH A COVER CROP. FOR A COVER CROP USE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING :GRAIN RYE (I SEP TO 30 APR; 30 LBS/ACRE), JAPANESE MILLET (I MAY TO 31 AUG; 10 LBS/ACRE), OR BARNYARD GRASS (I MAY TO 31 AUG; 10 LBS/ACRE).

SEEDING OUTSIDE OF THE OPTIMUM DATES SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED WITH OUT PRIOR APPROVAL. SPECIES LIST:

20% DEERTONGUE (PANICUM CLANDESTINUM, TIOGA) 20% ALKALIGRASS, FULTS (PUCCINELLIA DISTANS, FULTS) 18% VIRGINIA WILDRYE, MADISON-NY ECOTYPE (ELYMUS VIRGINICUS) 15% CREEPING BENTGRASS, 'PENNCROSS' (AGROSTIS STOLONIFERA) 15% FOWL BLUEGRASS (POA PALUSTRIS)

10% FOX SEDGE, PA ECOTYPE (CAREX VULPINOIDEA) 1% BLUNT BROOM SEDGE, PA ECOTYPE (CAREX SCOPARIA) 1% SOFT RUSH (JUNCUS EFFUSUS)

PERMANENT SEEDING TO BE APPLIED BY RAKING OR DRILLING INTO THE SOILS AT THE RATE

3. FERTILIZER FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LATEST NYSDEC REGULATIONS. THIS INCLUDES. BUT LIMITED TO: . NO FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED BETWEEN DEC. I AND APRIL I IN ANY YEAR. 2. SHALL NOT BE APPLIED WITHIN 20 FEET OF A WATER BODY. 3. ONLY LAWN FERTILIZER WITH LESS THAN 0.67% BY WEIGHT PHOSPHATE CONTENT MAY BE APPLIED.

(A SOIL TEST PRIOR TO FERTILIZER APPLICATION IS RECOMMENDED.) 4. IF SEASON PREVENTS THE ESTABLISHMENT OF TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SEEDING, EXPOSED

5. MULCH TO CONSIST OF SMALL GRAIN STRAW OR SALT HAY ANCHORED WITH A WOOD AND FIBER MULCH BINDER OR AN APPROVED EQUAL. MULCH WILL BE SPREAD AT RATES PER NYSDEC STANDARDS AND ANCHORED WITH A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR LIQUID MULCH BINDER, AND SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL SEEDINGS. HYDROMULCH SHALL ONLY BE USED DURING OPTIMUM GROWING SEASONS.

6. AS NEEDED, WORK LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO SOIL AS NEARLY AS PRACTICAL TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES WITH A DISC, SPRINGTOOTH HARROW, OR OTHER SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. THE FINAL HARROWING OR DISCING OPERATION SHOULD BE ON ON THE GENERAL CONTOUR. CONTINUE TILLAGE UNTIL A REASONABLY UNIFORM, FINE SEEDBED IS PREPARED. ALL BUT CLAY OR SILTY SOILS AND COARSE SANDS SHOULD BE ROLLED TO FIRM THE SEEDBED WHEREVER FEASIBLE. 7. REMOVE FROM THE SURFACE ALL STONES TWO INCHES OR LARGER IN ANY DIMENSION. REMOVE

ALL OTHER DEBRIS, SUCH AS WIRE, CABLE, TREE ROOTS, PIECES OF CONCRETE, CLODS, LUMPS, OR OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

8. INSPECT SEEDBED JUST BEFORE SEEDING. IF TRAFFIC HAS LEFT THE SOIL COMPACTED, THE AREA MUST BE RETILLED AND FIRMED AS ABOVE.

## **GENERAL PLANTING NOTES:**

- I. THIS PLAN SHALL BE USED FOR LANDSCAPE PLANTING PURPOSES ONLY. EXAMINE ALL ENGINEERING DRAWINGS AND FIELD CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND NOTIFY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES OR LOCATION CONFLICTS PRIOR TO PLANTING INSTALLATION.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO LOCATE AND VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES ON SITE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO GUIDELINES AS SET FORTH IN THE LATEST EDITION OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN'S STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK OR THE PLANT MATERIAL WILL BE UNACCEPTABLE. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE TRUE TO SPECIES, VARIETY, SIZE AND BE CERTIFIED DISEASE AND INSECT FREE. THE OWNER AND/OR THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO APPROVE ALL PLANT MATERIAL ON SITE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 4. NO PLANT SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL BE PERMITTED WITH REGARD TO SIZE, SPECIES, OR VARIETY WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE LANDSCAPE CONSULTANT. WRITTEN PROOF OF PLANT MATERIAL UNAVAILABILITY MUST BE DOCUMENTED. 5. THE LOCATION OF ALL PLANT MATERIAL INDICATED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE. THE FINAL LOCATION OF ALL PLANT MATERIAL AND PLANTING BED LINES SHALL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE
- LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. 6. ALL STREET TREES AND SHADE TREES PLANTED NEAR PEDESTRIAN OR VEHICULAR ACCESS SHOULD NOT BE BRANCHED LOWER THAN 7'-0" ABOVE GRADE. ALL PLANT MATERIAL LOCATED WITHIN SIGHT TRIANGLE EASEMENTS SHALL NOT EXCEED A MATURE HEIGHT OF 30" ABOVE THE ELEVATION OF THE ADJACENT CURB. ALL STREET TREES PLANTED IN SIGHT TRIANGLE EASEMENTS SHALL BE PRUNED TO NOT HAVE BRANCHES BELOW 10'-0".
- 7. THE PLANTING PLAN SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER THE PLANT SCHEDULE SHOULD ANY PLANT QUANTITY DISCREPANCIES OCCUR. 8. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE PROPERLY INSTALLED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE TYPICAL PLANTING DETAILS. INSTALL ALL PLANT MATERIAL ON UNDISTURBED GRADE. CUT AND REMOVE JUTE BURLAP FROM TOP ONE-THIRD OF
- THE ROOT BALL. WIRE BASKETS AND NOT JUTE BURLAP SHALL BE COMPLETELY REMOVED PRIOR TO BACKFILLING THE PLANT PIT. 9. BRANCHES OF DECIDUOUS TREES SHALL BE PRUNED BACK BY NO MORE THAN ONE QUARTER (1/4) TO BALANCE THE TOP GROWTH WITH ROOTS AND TO PRESERVE
- THEIR CHARACTER AND SHAPE. THE CENTRAL LEADER OF TREE SHALL NOT BE PRUNED. 10. PROVIDE PLANTING PITS AS INDICATED ON PLANTING DETAILS. BACKFILL PLANTING PITS WITH ONE PART EACH OF TOPSOIL, PEAT MOSS AND PARENT MATERIAL. IF WET SOIL CONDITIONS EXIST THEN PLANTING PITS SHALL BE EXCAVATED AN ADDITIONAL 12" AND FILLED WITH CRUSHED STONE OR UNTIL FREE DRAINING.
- 11. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BEAR THE SAME RELATION TO FINISHED GRADE AS IT BORE TO EXISTING GRADE AT NURSERY.
- 12. OPTIMUM PLANTING TIME: DECIDUOUS - APRIL I TO JUNE I & OCTOBER 15 TO NOVEMBER 30. CONIFEROUS - APRIL I TO JUNE I & SEPTEMBER I TO NOVEMBER I. PLANTING OUTSIDE OF THE OPTIMUM DATES SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED WITH OUT PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE LANDSCAPE CONSULTANT.
- 13. NEWLY INSTALLED PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE WATERED AT THE TIME OF INSTALLATION. REGULAR WATERING SHALL BE PROVIDED TO ENSURE THE ESTABLISHMENT, GROWTH AND SURVIVAL OF ALL PLANTS. WATERING AMOUNTS SHOULD BE ADJUSTED AS RAIN EVENTS OCCUR. WATERING AFTER THE INITIAL 4 WEEKS SHALL BE ADJUSTED BASED ON SEASONAL CONDITIONS. WATERING SHALL NOT TAKE PLACE DURING THE HOTTEST POINT OF THE DAY.
- 14. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE. ANY PLANT MATERIAL THAT DIES WITHIN THAT TIME PERIOD SHALL BE REMOVED, INCLUDING THE STUMP, AND REPLACED BY A TREE OF SIMILAR SIZE AND SPECIES AT NO EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.
- 15. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 4" LAYER OF TOPSOIL IN ALL LAWN AREAS AND A MINIMUM OF 12" OF TOPSOIL IN ALL PLANTING AREAS. A FULL SOIL ANALYSIS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AFTER CONSTRUCTION AND PRIOR TO PLANTING TO DETERMINE THE EXTENT OF SOIL AMENDMENT REQUIRED.
- 16. ALL DISTURBED LAWN AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH SEED AS INDICATED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLANS. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS. ALL DISTURBED LAWN AREAS SHALL BE TOPSOILED, LIMED, FERTILIZED AND FINE GRADED PRIOR TO LAWN INSTALLATION.
- 17. ALL PLANTING BEDS SHALL RECEIVE 3" OF SHREDDED HARDWOOD BARK MULCH. 18. ALL SHRUB MASSES SHALL BE PLANTED IN CONTINUOUS MULCHED BEDS.
- 19. ALL PLANTING DEBRIS (WIRE, TWINE, RUBBER HOSE, BACKFILL ETC.) SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AFTER PLANTING IS COMPLETE. PROPERTY IS TO BE LEFT IN A NEAT ORDERLY CONDITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTED PLANTING PRACTICES.

# PLANT DETAIL NOTES:

- I. NO SOIL OR MULCH SHALL BE PLACED AGAINST ROOT COLLAR OF PLANT. MULCH SHALL NOT TOUCH THE TREE TRUNK.
- 2. PLANTING DEPTH SHALL BE THE SAME OR HIGHER AS GROWN IN NURSERY.
- 3. WIRE BASKETS AND NON-JUTE BURLAP MUST BE ENTIRELY REMOVED FROM THE ROOT BALL, JUTE BURLAP MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE TOP 1/3 OF THE ROOT BALL.
- 4. DEPTH OF PLANT PIT SHALL BE INCREASED BY 12" WHEREVER POOR SOIL CONDITIONS OCCUR, WITH THE ADDITION OF LOOSE AGGREGATE.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL PARTIALLY FILL WITH WATER A REPRESENTATIVE NUMBER OF PITS IN EACH AREA OF THE PROJECT PRIOR TO PLANTING TO DETERMINE IF THERE IS ADEQUATE PERCOLATION. IF PIT DOESN'T PERCOLATE, MEASURES MUST BE TAKEN TO ASSURE PROPER DRAINAGE BEFORE PLANTING.
- 6. PLANTING MUST BE GUARANTEED FOR TWO FULL GROWING SEASONS FROM THE TIME OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE BY THE LANDSCAPE CONSULTANT. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL WRAPPING AT THE END OF GUARANTEE PERIOD OR SOONER PER PROJECT LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT
- 7. BACKFILL MIXTURE TO BE SPECIFIED BASED UPON SOIL TEST AND CULTURAL REQUIREMENTS OF PLANTINGS OR AT MINIMUM:
- INSTALL 6" TOPSOIL COMPOST MIX. SCARIFY OR DIG ALL PROPOSED PLANTING AREAS TO A DEPTH OF 12"-24" OR AS DETERMINED BY PROJECT LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
- TOPSOIL-COMPOST MIX SHALL CONSIST OF 85%-90% STOCKPILED TOPSOIL (IF AVAILABLE) AND 10%-15% WELL-ROTTED COMPOST. TOPSOIL SHALL BE NATURAL, FRIABLE, FERTILE SOIL, CHARACTERISTIC OF PRODUCTIVE SOIL IN THE VICINITY, REASONABLY FREE FROM STONES, CLAY LUMPS, ROOTS AND OTHER FOREIGN MATTER, WITH AN ACIDITY LEVEL BETWEEN 5.5 AND 7 PH. IF STOCKPILED TOPSOIL IS NOT AVAILABLE, USE PURCHASED TOPSOIL IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY TO COMPLETE THE REQUIREMENTS AS SPECIFIED.
- PURCHASED TOP SOIL SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTIONS: - LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 15% OF GRAVEL (PARTICLE SIZE GREATER THAN 2.00 MM)
- 40%-60% OF SAND (0.05-2MM), 30%-40% OF SILT (0.002-0.05 MM) - 10%-20% CLAY (<0.002MM) 10%-15% WELL-ROOTED COMPOST WITH AND ACIDITY LEVEL BETWEEN 5.5 AND 7.0 pH.
- PERCENTAGES ARE BY WEIGHT. TOPSOIL AND PURCHASED SOIL SHALL BE SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY PROJECT LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
- 8. PRUNE DAMAGED AND CONFLICTING BRANCHES MAINTAINING NORMAL TREE SHAPE, NEVER CUT CENTRAL TRUNK OR LEADER.

